



Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision Date: 07/11/2024 Date of Issue: 04/20/2015

Version 4.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form Product Name Synonyms Mixture MED10-4161 Silicone Dispersion

1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Use of the Substance/Mixture For professional use only

1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane Carpinteria, California 93013 USA (805) 684-8780 productstewardship@avantorsciencesgcc.com www.nusil.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US)Number+1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International and Maritime)

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification

Flammable liquids Category 3	H226
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	H315
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A	H319
Skin sensitization, Category 1	H317
Reproductive toxicity Category 2	H361
Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation	H335
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2	H373
Aspiration hazard Category 1	H304
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard Category 2	H401
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard Category 2	H411
2.2 Labol Elemente	

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)

GHS02	GHS07	GHS08	GHS09

Signal Word (GHS-US) Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

Danger H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation

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	H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child H373 - May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure H401 - Toxic to aquatic life H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Precautionary Statements (GHS- US)	 prolonged or repeated exposure H401 - Toxic to aquatic life H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 - Keep container tightly closed. P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment. P242 - Use only non-sparking tools. P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray. P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves. P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P312 - Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS).
	 P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting. P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical
	advice/attention. P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), extinguishing powder, foam, sand to extinguish. P391 - Collect spillage.
	P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 - Store locked up.
	P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,

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regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information On Ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

GHS-US Classification am. Liq. 3, H226 acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 kin Irrit. 2, H315 ye Irrit. 2, H319 TOT SE 3, H335 TOT RE 2, H373 asp. Tox. 1, H304 aquatic Acute 2, H401
cute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 cute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 kin Irrit. 2, H315 ye Irrit. 2, H319 TOT SE 3, H335 TOT RE 2, H373 sp. Tox. 1, H304
cute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 kin Irrit. 2, H315 ye Irrit. 2, H319 IOT SE 3, H335 IOT RE 2, H373 sp. Tox. 1, H304
kin Irrit. 2, H315 ye Irrit. 2, H319 TOT SE 3, H335 TOT RE 2, H373 sp. Tox. 1, H304
ye Irrit. 2, H319 IOT SE 3, H335 IOT RE 2, H373 sp. Tox. 1, H304
TOT SE 3, H335 TOT RE 2, H373 sp. Tox. 1, H304
TOT RE 2, H373 sp. Tox. 1, H304
sp. Tox. 1, H304
quatic Acute 2, H401
am. Liq. 3, H226
sp. Tox. 1, H304
am. Liq. 2, H225
ye Irrit. 2A, H319
TOT SE 3, H336
ye Dam. 1, H318
quatic Acute 3, H402
quatic Chronic 3, H412
cute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332
ye Dam. 1, H318
kin Sens. 1, H317
quatic Acute 2, H401
am. Liq. 3, H226
epr. 2, H361
quatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

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First-aid Measures After Inhalation	When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty
First-aid Measures After Skin Contact	persists. Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Wash affected area with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
First-aid Measures After Eye Contact	Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
First-aid Measures After Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Place affected person on their side.
4.2. Most Important Sympton	ns and Effects Both Acute and Delayed
Symptoms/Injuries	Skin sensitization. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation	Irritation of the respiratory tract and the other mucous membranes.
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact	Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact	Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.
Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion	Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.
Chronic Symptoms	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
4.2 Indiantian of Any Insuran	lighe Mediegel Alleghten and Cheeter Treatmeant Needed

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media	: Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Water may be ineffective but water should be used to
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	keep fire-exposed container cool. : Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may
	spread burning liquid.
5.2. Special Hazards Arising F	rom the Substance or Mixture
Fire Hazard	Flammable liquid and vapor.
Explosion Hazard	May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.
Reactivity	Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.
5.3. Advice for Firefighters	
Precautionary Measures Fire	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

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Firefighting Instructions	Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
Protection During Firefighting	Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Hazardous Combustion Products	Carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂). Formaldehyde. Hydrocarbons. Silicon oxides.
Other Information	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures

General Measures	Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Person	nel
Protective Equipment	Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).
Emergency Procedures	Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective Equipment Emergency Procedures	Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Eliminate ignition sources first, then ventilate the area.
6.2. Environmental Precaution	IS
Prevent entry to sewers and public	waters. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.
6.3. Methods and Materials fo	r Containment and Cleaning Up
For Containment	Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.
Methods for Cleaning Up	Use only non-sparking tools. Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable

container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

spill.

SECTION 7: Handling And Storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards WhenHandle empty containers with care because residual vaporsProcessedare flammable. Will decompose above 150 °C (> 300 °F)releasing formaldehyde vapors.

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Precautions for Safe Handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
7.2. Conditions for Safe Storag	je, Including Any Incompatibilities
Technical Measures	Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.
Storage Conditions	Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area. Store in a well- ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place.
Incompatible Materials 7.3. Specific end use(s)	Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

For professional use only.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL).

ohol (67-63-0)	
ACGIH OEL TWA	200 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL	400 ppm
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
BEI BLV	40 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine -
	Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek
	(background, nonspecific)
NIOSH REL TWA	980 mg/m³
NIOSH REL TWA	400 ppm
NIOSH REL STEL	1225 mg/m ³
NIOSH REL STEL	500 ppm
OSHA PEL TWA	980 mg/m ³
OSHA PEL TWA	400 ppm
n-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
BEI BLV	1.5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acids -
	Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (technical
	or commercial grade)
	ACGIH OEL TWA ACGIH OEL STEL ACGIH chemical category BEI BLV NIOSH REL TWA NIOSH REL TWA NIOSH REL STEL NIOSH REL STEL OSHA PEL TWA OSHA PEL TWA OSHA PEL TWA D-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7) ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm] ACGIH chemical category

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USA OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA	435 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA	100 ppm
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2)		
USA AIHA	WEEL TWA	10 ppm

8.2. **Exposure Controls**

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Personal Protective Equipment

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials For Protective Clothing Hand Protection Eye And Face Protection Skin And Body Protection **Respiratory Protection**

Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Wear protective gloves. Chemical safety goggles. Wear suitable protective clothing. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Colorless
Odor	Solvent
Odor Threshold	No data available
рН	No data available
Evaporation Rate	No data available
Melting Point	No data available
Freezing Point	No data available
Boiling Point	140 °C (284 °F)
Flash Point	27 °C (81 °F)
Auto-ignition Temperature	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Vapor Pressure	No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	No data available
Relative Density	< 1 (water = 1)
Solubility	No data available

Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Water Viscosity

No data available No data available

9.2. **Other Information**

VOC Content

35 - 65 %

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition may produce: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Hydrocarbons. Silicon oxides. Will decompose above 150 °C (>300 °F) releasing formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral)	Not classified	
Acute Toxicity (Dermal)	Not classified	
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)	Not classified	
Alkanes, C10-13-iso- (68551-17-7)		
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg (Source: ECHA_API)	
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)		
LD50 Oral Rat	1870 mg/kg (No deaths)	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	12956 mg/kg (16.4 mL/kg bw)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 10000 ppm (Exposure time: 6 h Source: ECHA_API)	
Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane	(2530-83-8)	
LD50 Oral Rat	8025 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	4250 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5.3 mg/l/4h	
N-[3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-1,2-ethanediamine (1760-24-3)		
LD50 Oral Rat	2295 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (No deaths)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	1.49 – 2.44 mg/l/4h	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	3523 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	6247 ppm/4h (species: Sprague-Dawley)	
ATE (Dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight	

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Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 4800 mg/kg (No mortality)	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2375 mg/kg (Source: ECHA)	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2.5 ml/kg (No mortality)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	36 mg/l/4h	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	Not classified	
Reproductive Toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	May cause respiratory irritation.	
(Single Exposure)		
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through	
(Repeated Exposure)	prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration Hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Symptoms/Injuries After	Irritation of the respiratory tract and the other mucous	
Inhalation	membranes.	
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin	Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and	
Contact	dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye	Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of	
Contact	the conjunctiva.	
Symptoms/Injuries After	Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting	
Ingestion	and may cause lung injury.	
Chronic Symptoms	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause	
	damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or	
	repeated exposure.	

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
9640 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas
[flow-through] Source: IUCLID)
13299 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Desmodesmus
subspicatus)
11130 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas
[static] Source: IUCLID)
1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Desmodesmus
subspicatus)
e (2530-83-8)
55 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio)
710 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
350 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchnerella
subcapitata)
100 mg/l

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N-[3-(TrimethoxysilyI)propyl]-1,2-	ethanediamine (1760-24-3)
LC50 Fish	597 mg/l (Species: Danio rerio)
EC50 Crustacea	81 mg/l
ErC50 Algae	8.8 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella
<u> </u>	subcapitata)
NOEC Chronic Fish	344 mg/l
NOEC Chronic Crustacea	35 mg/l
NOEC Chronic Algae	3.1 mg/l (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata Exposure time: 96h)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (133	0-20-7)
LC50 Fish	3.3 mg/l
EC50 Crustacea	3.82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)
LC50 Fish	2.661 – 4.093 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	
LC50 Fish	> 22 µg/l
NOEC Chronic Fish	0.0044 mg/l
12.2. Persistence and Degra	
MED10-4161	
Persistence and Degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.
12.3. Bioaccumulative Poter	ntial
MED10-4161	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Alkanes, C10-13-iso- (68551-17-7	7)
Partition coefficient n-	> 5
octanol/water (Log Pow)	
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
Partition coefficient n-	0.05 at 25 °C
octanol/water (Log Pow)	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (133	0-20-7)
BCF Fish	0.6 - 15
Partition coefficient n-	2.77 – 3.15
octanol/water (Log Pow)	
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	(556-67-2)
BCF Fish	12400
Partition coefficient n-	6.488 at 25.1 °C
octanol/water (Log Pow)	
12.4. Mobility In Soil	

12.4. MODILITY IN SOIL

No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal **Recommendations**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Additional Information	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors
	are flammable.
Ecology - Waste Materials	This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep
	out of sewers and waterways. Avoid release to the
	environment.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.					
14.1. In Accordance	with DOT				
Proper Shipping Name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (XYLENE, ISOPROPANOL)				
Hazard Class	3				
Identification Number	UN1993				
Label Codes	3				
Packing Group					
Marine Pollutant	Marine pollutant				
ERG Number	128				
14.2. In Accordance	with IMDG				
Proper Shipping Name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (XYLENE, ISOPROPANOL)				
Hazard Class	3				
Identification Number	UN1993				
Packing Group					
Label Codes	3				
EmS-No. (Fire)	F-E				
EmS-No. (Spillage)	S-E				
Marine Pollutant	Marine pollutant				
MFAG Number	130				
14.3. In Accordance	14.3. In Accordance with IATA				
Proper Shipping Name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (XYLENE, ISOPROPANOL)				
Packing Group					
Identification Number	UN1993				
Hazard Class	3				
Label Codes	3				
ERG Code (IATA)	3L				

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

MED10-4161	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard	Health hazard - Aspiration hazard
Classes	Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity
	Health hazard - Respiratory or skin sensitization
	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation

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	the althetic ment of the second size and with the se		
	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation		
	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or		
	repeated exposure)		
	Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)		
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	filiaite el Chesters CADA Calacticas 212		
Subject to reporting requirements of			
SARA Section 313 - Emission	1 % (only if manufactured by the strong acid process, no		
Reporting	supplier notification)		
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20			
Subject to reporting requirements of			
CERCLA RQ	100 lb		
SARA Section 313 - Emission	1 %		
Reporting			
15.2. US State Regulations			
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20			
U.S California - Proposition 65 -	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the		
Carcinogens List	State of California to cause cancer.		
Alkanes, C10-13-iso- (68551-17-7)			
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Leve	ls - Long Term		
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Leve	ls - Short Term		
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)			
RTK - U.S New Jersey - Right to Kno	ow Hazardous Substance List		
RTK - U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right			
U.S Minnesota - Hazardous Substa	ance List		
RTK - U.S Massachusetts - Right To	Know List		
U.S New Jersey - Special Health H	U.S New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List		
U.S New Jersey - Environmental H	azardous Substances List		
U.S California - Toxic Air Contamir	nant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)		
U.S Tennessee - Occupational Exp			
U.S Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs			
U.S Massachusetts - Toxics Use Re	duction Act		
U.S Vermont - Permissible Exposur	e Limits - TWAs		
U.S Connecticut - Hazardous Air F			
U.S Vermont - Permissible Exposur			
U.S Washington - Permissible Expo			
U.S Connecticut - Hazardous Air F			
U.S Washington - Permissible Expo			
-	kic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs)		
	kic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations		
U.S New York - Occupational Exp			
U.S Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs			
U.S Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs			
U.S Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs			
U.S Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs			
U.S Connecticut - Volatile Substances			
U.S New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances			
U.S Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs			
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term			
07/11/2024 EN (English US)	12/17		

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RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Acute U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Chronic U.S. - Texas - City of Austin - Aerosol Paint and Glue Restrictions U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 1-Hour U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 1-Hour U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane (2530-83-8) U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term N-[3-(TrimethoxysilyI)propyl]-1,2-ethanediamine (1760-24-3) U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7) U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Acute U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Chronic U.S. - California - Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728) U.S. - Colorado - Groundwater Quality Standards U.S. - Colorado - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues U.S. - Colorado - Primary Drinking Water Regulations - Maximum Contaminant Level Goals (MCLGs) U.S. - Colorado - Primary Drinking Water Regulations - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Connecticut - Drinking Water Quality Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities U.S. - Florida - Drinking Water Standards - Volatile Organic Contaminants - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Georgia - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs) U.S. - Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants U.S. - Louisiana - Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants U.S. - Maine - Air Pollutants - Hazardous Air Pollutants U.S. - Massachusetts - Allowable Ambient Limits (AALs) U.S. - Massachusetts - Allowable Threshold Concentrations (ATCs) U.S. - Massachusetts - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration -Reporting Category 1 U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration -**Reporting Category 2** U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Reportable Quantity U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1 U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2 EN (English US)

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RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Massachusetts - Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TELs) U.S. - Massachusetts - Toxics Use Reduction Act U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Michigan - Polluting Materials List U.S. - Minnesota - Chemicals of High Concern U.S. - Minnesota - Groundwater Health Risk Limits U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Missouri - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Nebraska - Drinking Water - Maximum Contamingnt Levels (MCLs) U.S. - New Hampshire - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual U.S. - New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances U.S. - New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List U.S. - New Jersey - Primary Drinking Water Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels - MCLs RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List U.S. - New Jersey - Water Quality - Ground Water Quality Criteria U.S. - New Jersey - Water Quality - Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs) U.S. - New Mexico - Water Quality - Standards for Ground Water of 10,000 mg/L TDS Concentration or Less U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - List of Hazardous Substances U.S. - North Carolina - Control of Toxic Air Pollutants U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 1-Hour U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour U.S. - North Dakota - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues U.S. - North Dakota - Water Quality Standards - Human Health Value for Classes I, IA, II U.S. - Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups U.S. - Pennsylvania - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 1-Hour U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 24-Hour U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - Annual U.S. - Rhode Island - Water Quality Standards - Acute Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria All concentrations are expressed as percentages by weight unless the ingredient is a gas. U.S. - South Carolina - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Maximum Allowable Concentrations U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Pollutant Categories U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Texas - City of Austin - Aerosol Paint and Glue Restrictions U.S. - Texas - Drinking Water Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)

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U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
U.S Utah - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
U.S Washington - Dangerous Waste - Discarded Chemical Products List
U.S Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S West Virginia - Water Quality - Groundwater Standards - Ceiling Concentrations
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet
to Less Than 40 Feet
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet
to Less Than 75 Feet
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet
or Greater
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than
25 Feet
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2)
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
U.S Maine - Chemicals of Concern
U.S Oregon - Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier I - Persistent Pollutants
U.S Minnesota - Chemicals of High Concern
U.S Minnesota - Chemicals of High Concern - Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxins
U.S California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical

Groups

SECTION 16: Other Information, Including Date of Preparation or Last Revision

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision Other Information 07/11/2024

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

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	H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects		
	H412	Harmful to a	aquatic life with long lasting effects
NFP/	A Health	Hazard	: 3 - Materials that, under emergency
			conditions, can cause serious or permanent
			injury.
NFPA Fire Hazard : 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided			
suspended solids) that can be ignited under 🛛 🗙 🗡			
almost all ambient temperature conditions.			
NFPA	NFPA Reactivity : 0 - Material that in themselves are normally		
	stable, even under fire conditions.		
HMIS	III Rating	9	
Heal	th		: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and
			medical treatment is given
			* Chronic - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated
			overexposure
	,	mability : 3 Serious Hazard	
Physi			: 0 Minimal Hazard
			Abbreviations s and Disease Registry (U.S. FOOD JOURN: Food Research Journal (1956)
Depart	ment of Heal	th and Human Serv	vices) IARC: The International Agency for Research on Cancer
AU_WES: Australia WES CHEMVIEW: ChemView (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency)			IDLH: National Institute for Occupational Health and Safety Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Value Profiles
EC_RA	R: Europea	n Commission Ren	newal Assessment Report IUCLID: International Uniform Chemical Information Database
EC_SCOEL: European Commission Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits			Scientific Committee on JAPAN_GHS: Japan GHS Basis for Classification Data JP_J-CHECK: Japan J-Check
ECETOC: European Centre for Ecotoxicology and Toxicology of			xicology and Toxicology of KR_NIER: South Korea National Institute of Environmental Research
Chemicals Reports ECHA_API: European Chemicals Agency API		ean Chemicals Age	Evaluations NICNAS: Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and
ECHA_RAC: ECHA Committee for Risk Assessment		A Committee for Ris	sk Assessment Assessment Scheme
EPA_AEGL: Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (U.S. Environmental N			e Levels (U.S. Environmental NLM_CIP: National Library of Medicine ChemID plus database
		ral Insecticide. Fund	gicide. and Rodenticide Act NLM_HSDB: National Library of Medicine Hazardous Substance Data Bank
Reregi	stration Eligib		Environmental Protection NLM_PUBMED: National Library of Medicine PubMed database
Agency EPA_F	/	oduction Volume C	NTP: National Toxicology Program Chemicals (U.S. Environmental NZ_CCID: New Zealand Chemical Classification and Information
Protection Agency)			Database
		Assessment for Tole ronmental Protectio	erance Reassessment Eligibility OECD_EHSP: Environment, Health, and Safety Publication (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)
EU_CLH: European Union Harmonised Classification and Labelling			ed Classification and Labelling OECD_SIDS: Screening Information Data Sets (Organisation for
Proposal Economic Co-operation and Development) EU_RAR: European Union Risk Assessment Report WHO: World Health Organization			
			-

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