

# R-1008-4

## Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations  
Revision Date: 05/15/2020 Date of Issue: 07/15/2014



Version 4.0

## SECTION 1: Identification

### 1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form Mixture  
Product Name R-1008-4  
Synonyms Silicone Ink

### 1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Use of the Substance/Mixture For professional use only.

### 1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology LLC  
1050 Cindy Lane  
Carpinteria, California 93013  
USA  
(805) 684-8780  
[ehs@nusil.com](mailto:ehs@nusil.com)  
[www.nusil.com](http://www.nusil.com)

### 1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International and Maritime)

## SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

### 2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

#### GHS-US Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 H226  
Skin Irrit. 2 H315  
Eye Irrit. 2A H319  
Skin Sens. 1 H317  
Repr. 1B H360  
STOT SE 3 H336  
STOT RE 2 H373  
Asp. Tox. 1 H304  
Aquatic Acute 2 H401

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

### 2.2. Label Elements

#### GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS02



GHS07



GHS08

Signal Word (GHS-US)

Danger

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### Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor  
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
H315 - Causes skin irritation  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child  
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  
H401 - Toxic to aquatic life

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### Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.  
P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.  
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment.  
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.  
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray.  
P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling.  
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.  
P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor.  
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.  
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.  
P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS).  
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.  
P403+P233+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.  
P405 - Store locked up.  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

### 2.3. Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

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### 2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

## SECTION 3: Composition/Information On Ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product Identifier	%	GHS-US Classification
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS-No.) 1330-20-7	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapor), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
C.I. Pigment Red 108	(CAS-No.) 58339-34-7	< 20	Not classified
2-Butanone, O,O',O''-(methylsilylidyne)trioxime	(CAS-No.) 22984-54-9	< 15	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT RE 2, H373
C.I. Pigment Yellow 35	(CAS-No.) 8048-07-5	< 15	Comb. Dust
Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica	(CAS No) 68909-20-6	< 10	Not classified
Dibutyltin dilaurate	(CAS-No.) 77-58-7	< 1	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

## SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

### 4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation

When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact

Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation/rash develops or persists.

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First-aid Measures After Eye Contact

Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

### 4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Skin sensitization. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation

High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact

Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion

Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.

Chronic Symptoms

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

### 4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

## SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

: Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Water may be ineffective but water should be used to keep fire-exposed container cool.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

: Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.

### 5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard

Flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion Hazard

May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

### 5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire

Firefighting Instructions

Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting

Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion

Products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>). Silicon oxides. Hydrocarbons.

Other Information

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

## SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

### 6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures

General Measures

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

#### 6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures

Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective Equipment

Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures

Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources.

### 6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

### 6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment

Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up

Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Use only non-sparking tools.

### 6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

## SECTION 7: Handling And Storage

### 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed

Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Precautions for Safe Handling

Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

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### 7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures

Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

Storage Conditions

Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place.

Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

### 7.3. Specific End Use(S)

As a marking ink for silicone rubber parts and other components where the coating must maintain long term stability. For professional use only.

## SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

### 8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), or OSHA (PEL).

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	1.5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica (68909-20-6)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	20 mppcf (80mg/m <sup>3</sup> /%SiO <sub>2</sub> )
Tin organic compounds		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route, Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Cadmium compounds		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.002 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Suspected Human Carcinogen

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### 8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.

Personal Protective Equipment



Materials For Protective Clothing  
Hand Protection  
Eye And Face Protection  
Skin And Body Protection  
Respiratory Protection

Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flamm resistant/retardant clothing.  
Wear protective gloves.  
Chemical safety goggles.  
Wear suitable protective clothing.  
If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

## SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

### 9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Orange
Odor	Solvent
Odor Threshold	No data available
pH	No data available
Evaporation Rate	No data available
Melting Point	No data available
Freezing Point	No data available
Boiling Point	140 °C (284 °F)
Flash Point	27 °C (81 °F)
Auto-ignition Temperature	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Vapor Pressure	No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	No data available
Specific Gravity	> 1
Solubility	No data available
Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Water	No data available
Viscosity	No data available



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### 9.2. Other Information

VOC Content 10 - 30 %

## SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

### 10.2. Chemical Stability

Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

### 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

### 10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

### 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

None expected under normal conditions of use.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

### 11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral) : Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Dermal) : Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) : Not classified

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	6247 ppm/4h (species: Sprague-Dawley)
ATE (Dermal)	1,100.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE (Vapors)	11.00 mg/l/4h
2-Butanone, O,O',O''-(methylsilylidyne)trioxime (22984-54-9)	
LD50 Oral Rat	2463 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2 g/kg

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity Not classified

Carcinogenicity Not classified

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
IARC Group	3

Reproductive Toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure) : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration Hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation	High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact	Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.
Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion	Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.
Chronic Symptoms	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

## SECTION 12: Ecological Information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General Toxic to aquatic life.

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	3.3 mg/l
EC50 Daphnia 1	3.82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)
LC50 Fish 2	2.661 (2.661 - 4.093) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
2-Butanone, O,O',O''-(methylsilylidyne)trioxime (22984-54-9)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	120 mg/l (Exposure time: 48h - Species: Daphnia magna)
Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.463 mg/l (Daphnia magna)

### 12.2. Persistence and Degradability

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Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

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Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
BCF Fish 1	0.6 (0.6 - 15)
Log Pow	2.77 - 3.15
Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	
Log Pow	4.44

### 12.4. Mobility In Soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

### 13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.  
Recommendations  
Additional Information Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

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Ecology - Waste Materials

Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

### SECTION 14: Transport Information

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

#### 14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name XYLENES SOLUTION  
Hazard Class 3  
Identification Number UN1307  
Label Codes 3  
Packing Group III  
ERG Number 130



#### 14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name XYLENES SOLUTION  
Hazard Class 3  
Identification Number UN1307  
Packing Group III  
Label Codes 3  
EmS-No. (Fire) F-E  
EmS-No. (Spillage) S-D  
MFAG Number 130



#### 14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name XYLENES SOLUTION  
Packing Group III  
Identification Number UN1307  
Hazard Class 3  
Label Codes 3  
ERG Code (IATA) 3L



### SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

#### 15.1. US Federal Regulations

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

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SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) Health hazard - Respiratory or skin sensitization Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity Health hazard - Aspiration hazard
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	

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Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %
Cadmium compounds	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %

### 15.2. US State Regulations

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
Cadmium compounds	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	

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U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Acute  
U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Chronic  
U.S. - California - Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)  
U.S. - Colorado - Groundwater Quality Standards  
U.S. - Colorado - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues  
U.S. - Colorado - Primary Drinking Water Regulations - Maximum Contaminant Level Goals (MCLGs)  
U.S. - Colorado - Primary Drinking Water Regulations - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)  
U.S. - Connecticut - Drinking Water Quality Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels  
U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities  
U.S. - Florida - Drinking Water Standards - Volatile Organic Contaminants - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)  
U.S. - Georgia - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)  
U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations  
U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs)  
U.S. - Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs  
U.S. - Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants  
U.S. - Louisiana - Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants  
U.S. - Maine - Air Pollutants - Hazardous Air Pollutants  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Allowable Ambient Limits (AALs)  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Allowable Threshold Concentrations (ATCs)  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Reportable Quantity  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2  
RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TELs)  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Toxics Use Reduction Act  
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs  
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs  
U.S. - Michigan - Polluting Materials List  
U.S. - Minnesota - Chemicals of High Concern  
U.S. - Minnesota - Groundwater Health Risk Limits  
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs  
U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs  
U.S. - Missouri - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)  
U.S. - Nebraska - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)  
U.S. - New Hampshire - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)  
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour  
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual  
U.S. - New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances  
U.S. - New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Primary Drinking Water Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels - MCLs

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RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Water Quality - Ground Water Quality Criteria  
U.S. - New Jersey - Water Quality - Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs)  
U.S. - New Mexico - Water Quality - Standards for Ground Water of 10,000 mg/L TDS Concentration or Less  
U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs  
U.S. - New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - List of Hazardous Substances  
U.S. - North Carolina - Control of Toxic Air Pollutants  
U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 1-Hour  
U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour  
U.S. - North Dakota - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues  
U.S. - North Dakota - Water Quality Standards - Human Health Value for Classes I, IA, II  
U.S. - Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs  
U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)  
RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List  
RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List  
U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 1-Hour  
U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 24-Hour  
U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - Annual  
U.S. - Rhode Island - Water Quality Standards - Acute Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria  
All concentrations are expressed as percentages by weight unless the ingredient is a gas.  
U.S. - South Carolina - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)  
U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Maximum Allowable Concentrations  
U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Pollutant Categories  
U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs  
U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs  
U.S. - Texas - City of Austin - Aerosol Paint and Glue Restrictions  
U.S. - Texas - Drinking Water Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)  
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term  
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term  
U.S. - Utah - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)  
U.S. - Washington - Dangerous Waste - Discarded Chemical Products List  
U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs  
U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs  
U.S. - West Virginia - Water Quality - Groundwater Standards - Ceiling Concentrations  
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet  
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet  
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater  
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet

2-Butanone, O,O',O''-(methylsilylydyne)trioxime (22984-54-9)

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

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### Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)

U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour  
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual  
U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups  
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term  
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

### Tin organic compounds

U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (30 min)  
U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (8 hr)  
U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations  
U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs)  
U.S. - Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs  
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - Skin Designations  
U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs  
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - Skin Designations  
U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs  
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour  
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual  
U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - Skin Designations  
U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs  
U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 1-Hour  
U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour  
U.S. - Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs  
U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - Skin Designations  
U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs  
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term  
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term  
U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - Skin Designations  
U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs  
U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - Skin Designations  
U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs  
U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs  
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet  
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet  
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater  
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet

### Cadmium compounds

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U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Carcinogens  
U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Chronic  
U.S. - California - SDAPCD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Carcinogenic Impacts Must Be Calculated  
U.S. - California - Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)  
U.S. - Idaho - Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations  
U.S. - Idaho - Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs)  
U.S. - Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminant Carcinogens  
U.S. - Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants  
U.S. - Maine - Air Pollutants - Hazardous Air Pollutants  
U.S. - Maine - Chemicals of Concern  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Reportable Quantity  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2  
U.S. - Massachusetts - Toxics Use Reduction Act  
U.S. - Michigan - Polluting Materials List  
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - New Hampshire - Prohibited Volatile Organic Compounds  
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour  
U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual  
U.S. - New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances  
U.S. - New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List  
RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List  
U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour  
U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Unit Risk Factors  
U.S. - Oregon - Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier I - Persistent Pollutants  
U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups  
RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List  
RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List  
U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 24-Hour  
U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - Annual  
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term  
U.S. - Vermont - Hazardous Waste - Hazardous Constituents  
U.S. - Washington - Dangerous Waste - Dangerous Waste Constituents List  
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet  
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet  
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater  
U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet



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### Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica (68909-20-6)

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

## SECTION 16: Other Information, Including Date of Preparation or Last Revision

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision 05/15/2020

Revision

Other Information

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapor)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Muta. 2	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2
Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization, category 1B
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction

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H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H370	Causes damage to organs
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA Health Hazard

2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA Fire Hazard

3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

NFPA Reactivity Hazard

0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.

HMIS III Rating  
Health

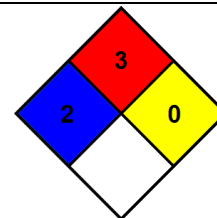
2 Moderate Hazard

\* Chronic - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure

Flammability  
Physical

3 Serious Hazard

0 Minimal Hazard



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