



Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision Date:: 05/22/2023 Date of Issue: 05/15/2014

Version 4.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form Mixture
Product Name R-2182 Part A
Synonyms Silicone Dispersion

1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Use of the Substance/Mixture For professional use only.

1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane

Carpinteria, California 93013

USA

(805) 684-8780

productstewardship@avantorsciencesgcc.com

www.nusil.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International

Number and Maritime)

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture GHS-US Classification

Flammable liquids Category 3	H226
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B	H314
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1	H318
Reproductive toxicity Category 1B	H360
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2	H373
Aspiration hazard Category 1	H304
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3	H402

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)







GHS02

GHS05

GHS08

Signal Word (GHS-US)

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

Danger

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

H373 - May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure

(oral, Inhalation)

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life

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Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection.

P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a doctor, a POISON CENTER.

P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER, a doctor.

P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS).

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol foam, or CO2 to extinguish.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information On Ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

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3.2. **Mixtures**

Name	Product Identifier	% *	GHS-US Classification
Silanetriol, ethyl-, triacetate	(CAS-No.) 17689-77-9	45 - 70	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS-No.) 1330-20-7	13 - 19	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Octamethyltrisiloxane	(CAS-No.) 107-51-7	7 - 13	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
Methyl vinylcyclosiloxane	(CAS-No.) 2554-06-5	0.1 - 1	Repr. 1B, H360
Platinum Catalyst	(CAS-No.) 68478-92-2	0.1 - 1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures		
First-aid Measures General	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).	
First-aid Measures After	Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable	
Inhalation	for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.	
First-aid Measures After Skin Contact	Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	
First-aid Measures After Eye Contact	Immediately rinse with water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	
First-aid Measures After Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Turn affected person(s) on their side and maintain in that position to prevent aspiration. Rinse mouth. Obtain emergency medical attention.	

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^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May be fatal if Symptoms/Injuries

swallowed and enters airways. May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral, Inhalation). May

Causes severe irritation which will progress to chemical burns.

Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

May be corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms/Injuries After

Inhalation

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin

Contact

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye

Contact

Symptoms/Injuries After

May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, Ingestion and gastrointestinal tract. Aspiration into the lungs can occur

during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.

Chronic Symptoms May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing

organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral, Inhalation). May damage fertility. May damage the unborn

child.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1. **Extinguishing Media**

Suitable Extinguishing Media : Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media : Do not use water. May hydrolyze with water to form acetic

acid.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may travel to source of

ignition and flash back. Will float and can be reignited on

water surface.

Explosion Hazard May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

Reactivity Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or

explosion. May hydrolyze with water to form acetic acid.

5.3. **Advice for Firefighters**

Precautionary Measures Fire Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case

of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire

remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment,

including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Silicon oxides. Metal oxides.

Products Formaldehyde.

Other Information Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

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SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures

General Measures Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and

other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on

clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Emergency Procedures Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective Equipment Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures Eliminate ignition sources first, then ventilate the area. Upon

arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained

personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak

area in all directions. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents

to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Use

only non-sparking tools. Do not use water for cleaning. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal.

Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling And Storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Will decompose above 150 °C (> 300 °F) releasing

Processed formaldehyde vapors. Handle empty containers with care

because residual vapors are flammable.

Precautions for Safe Handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all

safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard. Wash hands and other

exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating,

drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

procedures.

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7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting

equipment. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Comply with

applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight,

extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place. Store locked up/in a

secure area.

Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Water. Moisture.

7.3. Specific End Use(S)

For professional use only.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), or OSHA (PEL).

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human
		Carcinogen
USA ACGIH	BEI (BLV)	1.5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter:
		Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine -
		Sampling time: end of shift
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Face shield.

Personal Protective Equipment

VCII









Materials For Protective Clothing Hand Protection Eye And Face Protection Skin And Body Protection Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Corrosion-proof clothing. Wear protective gloves.

Chemical safety goggles and face shield.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

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Respiratory Protection If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced,

> approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved

respiratory protection.

Other Information When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless to yellow

Odor Solvent

Odor Threshold No data available Hq No data available **Evaporation Rate** No data available **Melting Point** No data available Freezing Point No data available **Boiling Point** 140 °C (284 °F) Flash Point 27 °C (80.6 °F) **Auto-ignition Temperature** No data available **Decomposition Temperature** No data available Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable No data available Vapor Pressure No data available

Relative Vapor Density at 20°C Relative Density < 1 (water = 1)

Specific Gravity < 1

Solubility No data available Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Water No data available **Viscosity** No data available

9.2. Other Information

VOC Content 13 - 19%

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion. May hydrolyze with water to form acetic acid.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Water. Moisture.

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10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition may produce: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Silicon oxides. Metal oxides. Will decompose above 150 °C (>300° F) releasing formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1.	Information	on	Toxico	logical	Effects
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Acute Toxicity (Oral)	Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Dermal)	Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)	Not classified

Silanetriol, ethyl-, triacetate (1768	39-77-9)
LD50 Oral Rat	1460 mg/kg

Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 22.6 mg/l/4h
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 22.6 mg/l/4h

Methyl vinylcyclosiloxane (2554	4-06-5)
LD50 Oral Rat	> 4800 mg/kg (Read accross, no deaths)
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (no deaths)
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 1.32 mg/l/4h (Species: Sprague-Dawley, maximum achievable
	concentration, no deaths)

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330	-20-7)
LD50 Oral Rat	3523 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	6247 ppm/4h (species: Sprague-Dawley)
ATE (Dermal)	1,100.00 mg/kg body weight

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Causes severe skin burns.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization Not classified Germ Cell Mutagenicity Not classified Carcinogenicity Not classified

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330	0-20-7)
IARC Group	3

Reproductive Toxicity May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Not classified

(Single Exposure)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing (Repeated Exposure) organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral,

Inhalation).

Aspiration Hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms/Injuries After May be corresive to the respiratory tract

Symptoms/Injuries After May be corrosive to the respiratory tract. Inhalation

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Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact	Causes severe irritation which will progress to chemical burns.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact	Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.
Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion	May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.
Chronic Symptoms	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral, Inhalation). May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General Harmful to aquatic life.

Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-	7)
LC50 Fish 1	> 19.4 µg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss
	[flow-through])
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (13	30-20-7)
LC50 Fish 1	3.3 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)
LC50 Fish 2	2.661 (2.661 – 4.093) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species:
	Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

12.2. Telsistence and begindability		
R-2182 Part A		
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.	

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

R-2182 Part A		
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.	
Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-7)		
BCF Fish 1	(7730 L/kg (whole body w.w.)	
Partition coefficient n-	6.598 (at 25.3 °C)	
octanol/water (Log Pow)		
Methyl vinylcyclosiloxane (2554-06-5)		
Partition coefficient n-	6.47	
octanol/water (Log Pow)		
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330	-20-7)	
BCF Fish 1	0.6 (0.6 – 15)	
Partition coefficient n-	2.77 – 3.15	
octanol/water (Log Pow)		

12.4. Mobility In Soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information Avoid release to the environment.

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SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,

Recommendations regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors

are flammable.

Ecology - Waste Materials Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to

the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUIDS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Silanetriol, ethyl-,

triacetate; Xylenes [o-, m-, p- isomers])

Hazard Class 8

Identification NumberUN2920Label Codes8, 3Packing GroupIIERG Number132



14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Silanetriol, ethyl-,

triacetate; Xylenes [o-, m-, p- isomers])

Hazard Class 8 Subsidiary Risk(s) 3

Identification Number UN2920

Packing Group II
Label Codes 8, 3
EmS-No. (Fire) F-E
EmS-No. (Spillage) S-C
MFAG Number 132



14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Silanetriol, ethyl-,

triacetate; Xylenes [o-, m-, p- isomers])

Packing Group II

Identification Number UN2920

Hazard Class 8
Label Codes 8, 3
Subsidiary Risk(s) 3
ERG Code (IATA) 8F



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SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

	<u> </u>
R-2182 Part A	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
	Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity
	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation
	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation
	Health hazard - Aspiration hazard
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330	-20-7)
Subject to reporting requirement	s of United States SARA Section 313
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission	1 %
Reporting	

15.2. US State Regulations

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause
	cancer.
Silanetriol, ethyl-, triacetate (17689-77-9)	
LIC TO SETTING CONTRACTOR OF THE SET OF THE	

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

- Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-7)
 U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- U.S. California Safer Consumer Products Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)

- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Acute
- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Chronic
- U.S. California Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)
- U.S. Colorado Groundwater Quality Standards
- U.S. Colorado Hazardous Wastes Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
- U.S. Colorado Primary Drinking Water Regulations Maximum Contaminant Level Goals (MCLGs)
- U.S. Colorado Primary Drinking Water Regulations Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Connecticut Drinking Water Quality Standards Maximum Contaminant Levels
- U.S. Delaware Pollutant Discharge Requirements Reportable Quantities
- U.S. Florida Drinking Water Standards Volatile Organic Contaminants Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Georgia Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Acceptable Ambient Concentrations

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- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Emission Levels (ELs)
- U.S. Idaho Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Illinois Toxic Air Contaminants
- U.S. Louisiana Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants
- U.S. Maine Air Pollutants Hazardous Air Pollutants
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Ambient Limits (AALs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Threshold Concentrations (ATCs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Reportable Quantity
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- RTK U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Massachusetts Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TELs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Toxics Use Reduction Act
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Michigan Polluting Materials List
- U.S. Minnesota Chemicals of High Concern
- U.S. Minnesota Groundwater Health Risk Limits
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Missouri Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Nebraska Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. New Hampshire Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) Annual
- U.S. New Jersey Discharge Prevention List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. New Jersey Environmental Hazardous Substances List
- U.S. New Jersey Primary Drinking Water Standards Maximum Contaminant Levels MCLs
- RTK U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Special Health Hazards Substances List
- U.S. New Jersey Water Quality Ground Water Quality Criteria
- U.S. New Jersey Water Quality Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs)
- U.S. New Mexico Water Quality Standards for Ground Water of 10,000 mg/L TDS Concentration or Less
- U.S. New York Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. New York Reporting of Releases Part 597 List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. North Carolina Control of Toxic Air Pollutants
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 1-Hour
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 8-Hour
- U.S. North Dakota Hazardous Wastes Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
- U.S. North Dakota Water Quality Standards Human Health Value for Classes I, IA, II
- U.S. Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs

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- U.S. California Safer Consumer Products Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups
- U.S. Pennsylvania Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels 1-Hour
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels 24-Hour
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels Annual
- U.S. Rhode Island Water Quality Standards Acute Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- All concentrations are expressed as percentages by weight unless the ingredient is a gas.
- U.S. South Carolina Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. South Carolina Toxic Air Pollutants Maximum Allowable Concentrations
- U.S. South Carolina Toxic Air Pollutants Pollutant Categories
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Texas City of Austin Aerosol Paint and Glue Restrictions
- U.S. Texas Drinking Water Standards Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- U.S. Utah Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Washington Dangerous Waste Discarded Chemical Products List
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. West Virginia Water Quality Groundwater Standards Ceiling Concentrations
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet

SECTION 16: Other Information, Including Date of Preparation or Last Revision

Date of Preparation or Latest 05/22/2023

Revision

Other Information This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS

requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29

CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eve irritation

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H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

NFPA Health Hazard 3 - Materials that, under emergency

conditions, can cause serious or

permanent injury.

NFPA Fire Hazard 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely

divided suspended solids) that can be

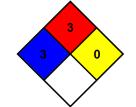
ignited under almost all ambient

temperature conditions.

NFPA Reactivity Hazard 0 - Material that in themselves are

normally stable, even under fire

conditions.



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HMIS III Rating

Health 3 Serious Hazard

* Chronic - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from

repeated overexposure

Flammability 3 Serious Hazard
Physical 0 Minimal Hazard

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared based on data believed to be accurate as of the date of this SDS. TO THE GREATEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, NUSIL TECHNOLOGY LLC AND ITS AFFILIATED COMPANIES ("NUSIL") EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES REGARDING THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, AS TO ACCURACY, COMPLETENESS, FITNESS FOR PURPOSE OR USE, MERCHANTABILITY, NON-INFRINGEMENT, PERFORMANCE, SAFETY, SUITABILITY AND STABILITY. This SDS is intended as a guide to the appropriate use, handling, storage and disposal of the product to which it relates by properly trained personnel, and is not intended to be comprehensive. Users of NuSil's products are advised to perform their own tests and to exercise their own judgment to determine the safety, suitability and appropriate use, handling, storage and disposal of each product and product combination for their own purposes and uses. TO THE GREATEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, NUSIL DISCLAIMS LIABILITY FOR, AND BY USING NUSIL'S PRODUCTS PURCHASER AGREES THAT UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL NUSIL BE LIABLE FOR, SPECIAL, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OF ANY TYPE OR KIND, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, FOR LOSS OF PROFITS, REPUTATIONAL DAMAGE, PRODUCT RECALL OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION.

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Version 4.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form Mixture
Product Name R-2182 Part B
Synonyms Silicone Dispersion

1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Use of the Substance/Mixture For professional use only.

1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane

Carpinteria, California 93013

USA

(805) 684-8780

productstewardship@avantorsciencesgcc.com

www.nusil.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International

Number and Maritime)

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification

Flammable liquids Category 3	H226
Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4	H312
Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 4	H332
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	H315
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2	H319
Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation	H335
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2	H373
Aspiration hazard Category 1	H304
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2	H401

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)







GHS02

GHS07

GHS08

Signal Word (GHS-US) Hazard Statements (GHS-US) Danger

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H373 - May cause damage to organs (central nervous system,

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Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

hearing organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation, oral)

H401 - Toxic to aquatic life

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.

P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS).

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No additional information available

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SECTION 3: Composition/Information On Ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product Identifier	%*	GHS-US Classification
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS-No.) 1330-20-7	60 - 80	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Octamethyltrisiloxane	(CAS-No.) 107-51-7	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
Siloxanes and Silicones, dimethyl, methyl hydrogen	(CAS-No.) 68037-59-2	1 - 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures			
First-aid Measures General	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).		
First-aid Measures After Inhalation	When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if necessary. Get medical advice/attention.		
First-aid Measures After Skin Contact	Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.		
First-aid Measures After Eye Contact	Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.		
First-aid Measures After Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Turn affected person(s) on their side and maintain in that position to prevent aspiration. Rinse mouth. Obtain emergency medical attention.		

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^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if Symptoms/Injuries

> inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing

organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral,

Inhalation).

Symptoms/Injuries After

Inhalation

Inhalation is likely to cause adverse health effects including but

not limited to: irritation, difficulty breathing, and

unconsciousness. Irritation of the respiratory tract and the other

mucous membranes.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin

Contact

This material is harmful through skin contact, and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. This

material may be absorbed through the skin and eyes. Redness,

pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye

Contact

Symptoms/Injuries After

Ingestion

Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting

and may cause lung injury.

Chronic Symptoms May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing

organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral,

Inhalation).

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1. **Extinguishing Media**

Suitable Extinguishing Media : Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide

: Do not use water. Reacts with water to release flammable Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

hydrogen gas.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may travel to source of

ignition and flash back. Will float and can be reignited on

water surface.

Explosion Hazard May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

Reactivity Contact with water, alcohols, acids or bases, and many metals

> or metallic compounds can liberate flammable Hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures in air. Reacts violently with

strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

5.3. **Advice for Firefighters**

Precautionary Measures Fire

Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case

of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire

remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment,

including respiratory protection.

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Hazardous Combustion Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Silicon oxides. Formaldehyde.

Products Explosive hydrogen gas.

Other Information Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures

General Measures Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and

other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on

clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Emergency Procedures Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective Equipment Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures Eliminate ignition sources first, then ventilate the area. Upon

arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained

personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak

area in all directions. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents

to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Use

only non-sparking tools. Do not use water for cleaning. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal.

Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling And Storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Will decompose above 150 °C (> 300 °F) releasing

Processed formaldehyde vapors. Handle empty containers with care

because residual vapors are flammable.

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According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Precautions for Safe Handling Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures

against static discharge. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving

work.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting

equipment. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Comply with

applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight,

extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in

fireproof place.

Incompatible Materials Alcohols. Metals. Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

Water.

7.3. Specific End Use(S)

For professional use only.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), or OSHA (PEL).

, ,	•	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p	- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human
		Carcinogen
USA ACGIH	BEI (BLV)	1.5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter:
		Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine -
		Sampling time: end of shift
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

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Personal Protective Equipment

Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









Materials For Protective

Clothing

Hand Protection Eve And Face Protection Skin And Body Protection **Respiratory Protection**

resistant/retardant clothing. Wear protective gloves. Chemical safety goggles.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved

respiratory protection.

Other Information When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless to white

Odor Solvent

Odor Threshold No data available На No data available **Evaporation Rate** No data available Melting Point No data available Freezing Point No data available Boilina Point 140 °C (284 °F) Flash Point 27 °C (80.6 °F) **Auto-ignition Temperature** No data available No data available **Decomposition Temperature** Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable Vapor Pressure No data available Relative Vapor Density at 20°C No data available

Relative Density < 1 (Water=1)

Specific Gravity < 1

Solubility No data available Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Water No data available No data available Viscosity

9.2. Other Information

VOC Content 60 - 80

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Contact with water, alcohols, acids or bases, and many metals or metallic compounds can liberate flammable Hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures in air. Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

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10.2. Chemical Stability

Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Evolved hydrogen gas is flammable and may form explosive mixtures with air. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Alcohols. Metals. Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Water.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

May produce explosive hydrogen gas on contact with incompatibilities or upon thermal decomposition. Thermal decomposition may produce: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Silicon oxides. Will decompose above 150 °C (>300° F) releasing formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral) Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Dermal) Harmful in contact with skin.

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) Harmful if inhaled.

R-2182 Part B	
ATE (Dermal)	1,571.43 mg/kg body weight
ATE (Vapors)	15.71 mg/l/4h

Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-2	7)
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 22.6 mg/l/4h

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	3523 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	6247 ppm/4h (species: Sprague-Dawley)
ATE (Dermal)	1,100.00 mg/kg body weight

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization Not classified Germ Cell Mutagenicity Not classified Carcinogenicity Not classified

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers	s) (1330-20-7)	
IARC Group	3	

Reproductive Toxicity

Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

May cause respiratory irritation.

(Single Exposure)

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Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation, oral).
Aspiration Hazard Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Inhalation is likely to cause adverse health effects including but not limited to: irritation, difficulty breathing, and unconsciousness. Irritation of the respiratory tract and the other mucous membranes.
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact	This material is harmful through skin contact, and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. This material may be absorbed through the skin and eyes. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact	Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.
Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion	Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.
Chronic Symptoms	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral, Inhalation).

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General Toxic to aquatic life.

Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	> 19.4 µg/I (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss
	[flow-through])
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	3.3 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)
LC50 Fish 2	2.661 (2.661 – 4.093) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species:
	Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

R-2182 Part B	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

R-2182 Part B	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-7)	
BCF Fish 1	(7730 L/kg (whole body w.w.)
Partition coefficient n-	6.598 (at 25.3 °C)
octanol/water (Log Pow)	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
BCF Fish 1	0.6 (0.6 – 15)
Partition coefficient n-	2.77 – 3.15
octanol/water (Log Pow)	

12.4. Mobility In Soil

No additional information available

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12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,

Recommendations regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors

are flammable.

Ecology - Waste Materials Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to

the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name XYLENES SOLUTION

Hazard Class 3

Identification Number UN1307

Label Codes 3
Packing Group III
ERG Number 130



14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name XYLENES SOLUTION

Hazard Class 3

Identification Number UN1307

Packing Group III
Label Codes 3
EmS-No. (Fire) F-E
EmS-No. (Spillage) S-D
MFAG Number 130



14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name XYLENES SOLUTION

Packing Group II

Identification Number UN1307

Hazard Class 3 Label Codes 3 ERG Code (IATA) 3L



SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

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R-2182 Part B	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated
Classes	exposure)
	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation
	Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation
	Health hazard - Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
	Health hazard - Aspiration hazard
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330	-20-7)
Subject to reporting requirement	s of United States SARA Section 313
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission	1 %
Reporting	

15.2. US State Regulations

U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens WARN	ING: This product contains chemicals
, ,	n to the State of California to cause

Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-7)

- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- U.S. California Safer Consumer Products Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups

Siloxanes and Silicones, dimethyl, methyl hydrogen (68037-59-2)

- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)

- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Acute
- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Chronic
- U.S. California Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)
- U.S. Colorado Groundwater Quality Standards
- U.S. Colorado Hazardous Wastes Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
- U.S. Colorado Primary Drinking Water Regulations Maximum Contaminant Level Goals (MCLGs)
- U.S. Colorado Primary Drinking Water Regulations Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Connecticut Drinking Water Quality Standards Maximum Contaminant Levels
- U.S. Delaware Pollutant Discharge Requirements Reportable Quantities
- U.S. Florida Drinking Water Standards Volatile Organic Contaminants Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Georgia Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Emission Levels (ELs)
- U.S. Idaho Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Illinois Toxic Air Contaminants
- U.S. Louisiana Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants
- U.S. Maine Air Pollutants Hazardous Air Pollutants
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Ambient Limits (AALs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Threshold Concentrations (ATCs)

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- U.S. Massachusetts Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Reportable Quantity
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- RTK U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Massachusetts Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TELs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Toxics Use Reduction Act
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Michigan Polluting Materials List
- U.S. Minnesota Chemicals of High Concern
- U.S. Minnesota Groundwater Health Risk Limits
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Missouri Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Nebraska Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. New Hampshire Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) Annual
- U.S. New Jersey Discharge Prevention List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. New Jersey Environmental Hazardous Substances List
- U.S. New Jersey Primary Drinking Water Standards Maximum Contaminant Levels MCLs
- RTK U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Special Health Hazards Substances List
- U.S. New Jersey Water Quality Ground Water Quality Criteria
- U.S. New Jersey Water Quality Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs)
- U.S. New Mexico Water Quality Standards for Ground Water of 10,000 mg/L TDS Concentration or Less
- U.S. New York Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. New York Reporting of Releases Part 597 List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. North Carolina Control of Toxic Air Pollutants
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 1-Hour
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 8-Hour
- U.S. North Dakota Hazardous Wastes Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
- U.S. North Dakota Water Quality Standards Human Health Value for Classes I, IA, II
- U.S. Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. California Safer Consumer Products Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups
- U.S. Pennsylvania Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels 1-Hour
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels 24-Hour

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- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels Annual
- U.S. Rhode Island Water Quality Standards Acute Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria

All concentrations are expressed as percentages by weight unless the ingredient is a gas.

- U.S. South Carolina Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. South Carolina Toxic Air Pollutants Maximum Allowable Concentrations
- U.S. South Carolina Toxic Air Pollutants Pollutant Categories
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Texas City of Austin Aerosol Paint and Glue Restrictions
- U.S. Texas Drinking Water Standards Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- U.S. Utah Drinkina Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Washington Dangerous Waste Discarded Chemical Products List
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. West Virginia Water Quality Groundwater Standards Ceiling Concentrations
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet

SECTION 16: Other Information, Including Date of Preparation or Last Revision

Date of Preparation or Latest

Revision

05/22/2023

Other Information This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS

requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29

CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged
	or repeated exposure
H401	Toxic to aquatic life

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Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

NFPA Health Hazard 2 - Materials that, under emergency

conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA Fire Hazard 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely

divided suspended solids) that can be

ignited under almost all ambient

temperature conditions.

NFPA Reactivity Hazard 0 - Material that in themselves are

normally stable, even under fire

conditions.

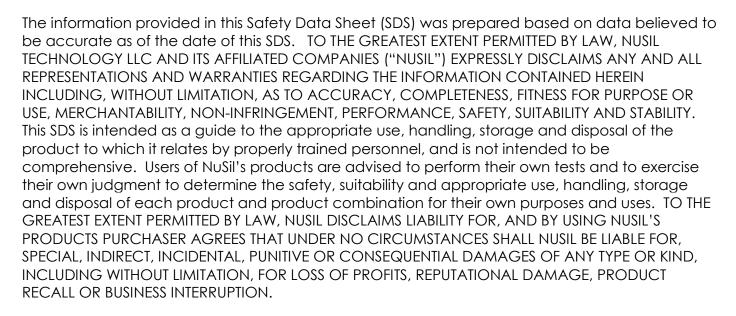
HMIS III Rating

Health 2 Moderate Hazard

* Chronic - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from

repeated overexposure

Flammability 3 Serious Hazard
Physical 0 Minimal Hazard



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