



Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision Date:: 11/20/2019 Date of Issue: 02/17/2014

Version 3.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form Mixture
Product Name R-1130

Synonyms Silicone Adhesive

1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Use of the Substance/Mixture For professional use only.

1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane Carpinteria, California 93013 USA

(805) 684-8780 ehs@nusil.com

www.nusil.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International

Number and Maritime)

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture GHS-US Classification

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Repr. 1B H360 STOT RE 2 H373

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)





GHS07

GHS08

Signal Word (GHS-US)

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

Danger H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 - Causes serious eve irritation

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

H373 - May cause damage to organs (blood) through

prolonged or repeated exposure (oral)

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, exposed areas thoroughly after handlina.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves, protective clothing.

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS).

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information On Ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

| Name | Product Identifier | % | GHS-US Classification |
|---|----------------------|---------|---|
| Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N- (trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica | (CAS-No.) 68909-20-6 | 10 - 30 | Not classified |
| 2-Butanone, O,O',O''- (methylsilylidyne)trioxime | (CAS-No.) 22984-54-9 | 5 - 15 | Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 |
| N-[3-(TrimethoxysilyI)propyI]-1,2- ethanediamine | (CAS-No.) 1760-24-3 | < 1 | Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 |
| Dibutyltin dilaurate | (CAS-No.) 77-58-7 | < 0.3 | Skin Corr. 1C, H314 |

| Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 |
|--|
| Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT SE 1, H370 |
| STOT SE 1, 11370 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 |

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you

feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where

First-aid Measures After When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate

Inhalation suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty

persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin

Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately drench affected Contact

area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical

attention if irritation/rash develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Eye

Contact

Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Obtain medical attention.

First-aid Measures After

Inaestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Obtain medical

attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries Causes serious eye irritation. Skin sensitization. May damage

fertility. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to

organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Symptoms/Injuries After

Inhalation

Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin

Contact

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye

Contact

Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, tearing, and blurred

vision.

Symptoms/Injuries After

Inaestion

Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage

> to organs (blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media 5.1.

Suitable Extinguishing Media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media : Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire. Application of water stream to hot product

may cause frothing and increase fire intensity.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard Product is not explosive.

Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions. Reactivity

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not

allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water sources.

Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, **Protection During Firefighting**

including respiratory protection.

Silicon oxides. Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Nitrogen compounds. Hazardous Combustion

Products Formaldehyde. Oxides of tin.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures

General Measures Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe

vapor, mist or spray.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). **Emergency Procedures** Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Evacuate unnecessary

personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective Equipment Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to

> recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

6.2. **Environmental Precautions**

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up 6.3.

Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration For Containment

and entry into sewers or streams.

Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Methods for Cleaning Up

Contact competent authorities after a spill. Transfer spilled

material to a suitable container for disposal.

Reference to Other Sections 6.4.

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

Processed

SECTION 7: Handling And Storage

7.1. **Precautions for Safe Handlina**

Additional Hazards When When heated, material emits irritating fumes. Any proposed use

of this product in elevated-temperature processes should be

thoroughly evaluated to assure that safe operating conditions

are established and maintained.

Precautions for Safe Handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all

> safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

procedures.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities 7.2.

Technical Measures Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions Keep container closed when not in use. Keep/Store away from

direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and

incompatible materials. Store in a dry, cool place. Store locked

up/in a secure area.

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Incompatible Materials

Specific End Use(S)

For professional use only.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. **Control Parameters**

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), or OSHA (PEL).

| Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica (68909-20-6) | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 6 mg/m³ |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) | 20 mppcf (80mg/m³/%SiO ₂) |
| Tin organic compounds | | |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) | 0.1 mg/m ³ |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH STEL (mg/m³) | 0.2 mg/m³ |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH chemical category | Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route. Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 0.1 mg/m³ |

8.2. **Exposure Controls**

Appropriate Engineering Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Controls Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment

Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









Materials For Protective

Clothing

Hand Protection Eye And Face Protection Skin And Body Protection Respiratory Protection

Wear protective gloves. Chemical safety goggles.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved

respiratory protection.

Other Information When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Liquid Translucent **Appearance** Odor Characteristic Odor Threshold No data available No data available На **Evaporation Rate** No data available **Melting Point** No data available Freezing Point No data available Boiling Point No data available Flash Point > 135 °C (275 °F) **Auto-ignition Temperature** No data available Decomposition Temperature No data available Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable Vapor Pressure No data available Relative Vapor Density at 20°C No data available

Relative Density > 1 (water = 1)

Solubility No data available Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Water No data available Viscosity No data available

9.2. Other Information

VOC Content < 1 %

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Specific Gravity

Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Will decompose above 150 °C (> 300 °F) releasing formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral) : Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Dermal) : Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) : Not classified

| Acute foxicity (inhalation) | : NOT Classified |
|---|------------------|
| R-1130 | |
| 2-Butanone, O,O',O"-(methylsilylidyne)trioxime (22984-54-9) | |
| LD50 Oral Rat | 2463 mg/kg |
| LD50 Dermal Rat | > 2000 mg/kg |
| N-[3-(TrimethoxysilyI)propyI]-1,2-ethanediamine (1760-24-3) | |
| LD50 Oral Rat | 2295 mg/kg |
| LD50 Dermal Rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat | > 1.49 mg/l/4h |
| ATE (Dust/Mist) | 1.50 mg/l/4h |
| Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7) | |
| LD50 Dermal Rat | > 2 g/kg |

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not classified

Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) : Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated : May cause damage to organs (blood) through

Exposure) prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

Aspiration Hazard Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Inhalation

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Contact

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, tearing, and blurred

Contact vision.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Ingestion

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Chronic Symptoms May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage

to organs (blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure

(oral).

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General Not classified.

| 2-Butanone, O,O',O"-(methylsilylidyne)trioxime (22984-54-9) | | |
|---|--|--|
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 120 mg/l (Exposure time: 48h - Species: Daphnia magna) | |
| N-[3-(TrimethoxysilyI)propyI]-1,2-ethanediamine (1760-24-3) | | |
| LC50 Fish 1 | 597 mg/l (Species: Danio rerio) | |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 81 mg/l | |
| ErC50 (Algae) | 8.8 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella | |
| | subcapitata) | |
| NOEC Chronic Fish | 344 mg/l | |
| NOEC Chronic Crustacea | 35 mg/l | |
| NOEC Chronic Algae | 3.1 mg/l (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata Exposure time: 96h) | |
| Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7) | | |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 0.463 mg/l (Daphnia magna) | |

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

| R-1130 | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Persistence and Degradability | Not established. |

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

| R-1130 | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Bioaccumulative Potential | Not established. |
| Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7) | |
| Log Pow | 4.44 |

12.4. Mobility In Soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,

Recommendations regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to

observe all precautions.

Ecology - Waste Materials Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

- 14.1. In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport
- 14.2. In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport
- 14.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

US Federal Regulations 15.1.

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

| R-1130 | |
|----------------|--|
| SARA Section | Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) |
| 311/312 Hazard | Health hazard - Respiratory or skin sensitization |
| Classes | Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation |
| | Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity |

| 15.2. US State Regulations |
|---|
| 2-Butanone, O,O',O"-(methylsilylidyne)trioxime (22984-54-9) |
| U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term |
| U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term |
| N-[3-(TrimethoxysilyI)propyI]-1,2-ethanediamine (1760-24-3) |
| U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term |
| U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term |
| Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica (68909-20-6) |
| U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term |
| U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term |
| Tin organic compounds (Not applicable) |

- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (30 min)
- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (8 hr)
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Emission Levels (ELs)
- U.S. Idaho Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits Skin Designations
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits Skin Designations
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) Annual
- U.S. New York Occupational Exposure Limits Skin Designations
- U.S. New York Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 1-Hour
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 8-Hour
- U.S. Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits Skin Designations
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- U.S. Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Skin Designations
- U.S. Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits Skin Designations
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet

Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)

- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) Annual
- U.S. California Safer Consumer Products Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term

SECTION 16: Other Information, Including Date of Preparation or Last Revision

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision Other Information 11/20/2019

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

| Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist) | Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4 |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Aquatic Acute 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1 |
| Aquatic Acute 2 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2 |
| Eye Irrit. 2A | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A |
| Muta. 2 | Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2 |
| Repr. 1B | Reproductive toxicity Category 1B |
| Skin Corr. 1C | Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C |
| Skin Sens. 1 | Skin sensitization, Category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1B | Skin sensitization, category 1B |
| STOT RE 1 | Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 |
| STOT RE 2 | Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2 |
| STOT SE 1 | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1 |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled |
| H341 | Suspected of causing genetic defects |
| H360 | May damage fertility or the unborn child |
| H370 | Causes damage to organs |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life |
| H401 | Toxic to aquatic life |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects |
| | , |

NFPA Health Hazard

2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary

incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA Fire Hazard 1 - Materials that must be preheated

before ignition can occur.

NFPA Reactivity Hazard 0 - Material that in themselves are

normally stable, even under fire

conditions.



Health 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

* Chronic - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from

repeated overexposure

Flammability 1 Slight Hazard
Physical 0 Minimal Hazard



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