



Version: 2.0

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

## 1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form Product Name Synonyms Mixture R-1077 Silicone Dispersion

## 1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Use of the Substance/Mixture For professional use only.

## 1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane Carpinteria, California 93013 USA (805) 684-8780 <u>ehs@nusil.com</u> www.nusil.com

## 1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International<br/>and Maritime)

## **SECTION 2: Hazards Identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

#### **GHS-US** Classification

Flam. Liq. 3	H226
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Irrit. 2A	H319
Skin Sens. 1	H317
Repr. 1B	H360
STOT RE 2	H373
Asp. Tox. 1	H304
Aquatic Acute 3	H402
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412
Full text of hazard c	lasses and H-statements: see section 16

## 2.2. Label Elements

## GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Hazard Statements (GHS-US) H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H315 - Causes skin irritation H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H402 - Harmful to aquatic life H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects Precautionary Statements (GHS-P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. US) P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment. P242 - Use only non-sparking tools. P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray. P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling. P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection. P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS). P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting. P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media (see section 5) to extinguish.

P403+P233+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

## 2.3. Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

## 2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

## SECTION 3: Composition/Information On Ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

#### Not applicable

## 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product Identifier	%	GHS-US Classification
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS-No.) 1330-20-7	30 - 50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapor), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
2-Butanone, O,O',O''- (methylsilylidyne)trioxime	(CAS-No.) 22984-54-9	10 - 20	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT RE 2, H373
Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl- N-(trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica	(CAS-No.) 68909-20-6	< 10	Not classified
DibutyItin dilaurate	(CAS-No.) 77-58-7	< 0.3	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: First Aid Measures**

#### 4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After	When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate
Inhalation	suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty
	persists.
First-aid Measures After Skin	Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with
Contact	water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if
Connact	irritation develops or persists.
First aid Magguros After Eve	Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove
First-aid Measures After Eye	•
Contact	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
<b></b>	Obtain medical attention.
First-aid Measures After	Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a
Ingestion	POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
4.2. Most Important Symptom	ns and Effects Both Acute and Delayed
Symptoms/Injuries	Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Skin
	sensitization. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn
	child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or
	repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters
	airways.
Symptoms/Injuries After	Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.
Inhalation	<b>5</b> , ,
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin	Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and
Contact	dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye	Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the
Contact	conjunctiva.
Symptoms/Injuries After	Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting
Ingestion	and may cause lung injury.
Chronic Symptoms	May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage
	to organs (blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
4.2 Indiantian of Any large a	
4.3. Indication of Any Immed	liate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media	: Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Water may be ineffective but water should be used to keep fire-exposed container cool.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	: Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.
5.2. Special Hazards Arising F	rom the Substance or Mixture
Fire Hazard	Flammable liquid and vapor.
Explosion Hazard	May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.
Reactivity	Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.
5.3. Advice for Firefighters	
Precautionary Measures Fire	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.
Firefighting Instructions	Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting	Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Hazardous Combustion Products	Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ). Silicon oxides.
Other Information	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

## SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

#### 6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures

General Measures	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.
6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personne	el
Protective Equipment Emergency Procedures	Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective Equipment Emergency Procedures	Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources.
6.2. Environmental Precautions	
Prevent entry to sewers and public	waters. Avoid release to the environment.
6.3. Methods and Materials for	Containment and Cleaning Up
For Containment	Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all

	directions.
Methods for Cleaning Up	Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely.
	Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal.
	Contact competent authorities after a spill. Absorb and/or
	contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible
	material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Use only non-
	sparking tools.

#### 6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

## **SECTION 7: Handling And Storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors
Processed	are flammable.

Precautions for Safe Handling	Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray.
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage	e, Including Any Incompatibilities
Technical Measures	Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.
Storage Conditions	Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place.
Incompatible Materials	Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.
7.3. Specific End Use(S)	
For professional use only.	

## **SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

## 8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), or OSHA (PEL).

Xylenes (o-, m-,	p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human
		Carcinogen
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	1.5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter:
		Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine -
		Sampling time: end of shift
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
Silanamine, 1,1,1	-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis r	products with silica (68909-20-6)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	20 mppcf (80mg/m <sup>3</sup> /%SiO <sub>2</sub> )
Tin organic com	pounds	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Skin - potential significant contribution
		to overall exposure by the cutaneous
		route, Not Classifiable as a Human
		Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### 8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Personal Protective Equipment

Materials For Protective Clothing Hand Protection Eye And Face Protection Skin And Body Protection Respiratory Protection Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Wear protective gloves. Chemical safety goggles. Wear suitable protective clothing. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

Other Information

## SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

## 9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Lic	quid
Appearance Co	olorless
Odor So	olvent
Odor Threshold No	o data available
pH No	o data available
Evaporation Rate No	o data available
Melting Point No	o data available
Freezing Point No	o data available
Boiling Point 13	38 °C (280 °F)
Flash Point 27	′ °C (80 °F)
Auto-ignition Temperature No	o data available
Decomposition Temperature No	o data available
Flammability (solid, gas) No	ot applicable
Vapor Pressure No	o data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C No	o data available
Specific Gravity 1	
Solubility No	o data available
Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Water No	o data available
Viscosity No	o data available

## 9.2. Other Information

VOC Content

## **SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

#### 10.2. Chemical Stability

Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

30 - 50%

### 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

#### 10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

#### 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

None expected under normal conditions of use.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological Information**

## 11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

II.I. Information on Ioxicolog		
Acute Toxicity (Oral)	: Not classified	
Acute Toxicity (Dermal)	: Not classified	
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)	: Not classified	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (133	30-20-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	6247 ppm/4h (species: Sprague-Dawley)	
ATE (Dermal)	1,100.00 mg/kg body weight	
ATE (Vapors)	11.00 mg/l/4h	
2-Butanone, O,O',O"-(methylsily	lidyne)trioxime (22984-54-9)	
LD50 Oral Rat	2463 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
DibutyItin dilaurate (77-58-7)		
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2 g/kg	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	Not classified	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (133	30-20-7)	
IARC Group	3	
Reproductive Toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (S	ingle : Not classified	
Exposure)		
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (R	Repeated : May cause damage to organs through prolonged	
Exposure)	or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration Hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
05/21/2021 EN (English	N US) 8/16	

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation	Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin	Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and
Contact	dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye	Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of
Contact	the conjunctiva.
Symptoms/Injuries After	Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting
Ingestion	and may cause lung injury.
Chronic Symptoms	May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage
	to organs (blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological Information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
30-20-7)
3.3 mg/l
3.82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)
2.661 (2.661 - 4.093) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species:
Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
/lidyne)trioxime (22984-54-9)
120 mg/l (Exposure time: 48h - Species: Daphnia magna)
0.463 mg/l (Daphnia magna)
ability
May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.
ial
Not established.
30-20-7)
0.6 (0.6 - 15)
2.77 - 3.15
4.44

## 12.4. Mobility In Soil

No additional information available

#### 12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information

Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations**

## 13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,
Recommendations	regional, national, and international regulations.
Additional Information	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors
	are flammable.

Ecology - Waste Materials

Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

## **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance	with DOT	
Proper Shipping Name	XYLENES SOLUTION	
Hazard Class	3	ANK .
Identification Number	UN1307	FLAMMABLE LIQUID
Label Codes	3	3
Packing Group	III	
ERG Number	130	
14.2. In Accordance	with IMDG	
Proper Shipping Name	XYLENES SOLUTION	
Hazard Class	3	
Identification Number	UN1307	
Packing Group	III	•
Label Codes	3	and the second s
EmS-No. (Fire)	F-E	$\langle \underline{} \rangle$
EmS-No. (Spillage)	S-D	3
14.3. In Accordance	with IATA	
Proper Shipping Name	XYLENES SOLUTION	
Packing Group		
Identification Number	UN1307	atte
Hazard Class	3	
Label Codes	3	3
ERG Code (IATA)	3L	

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory Information**

#### 15.1. **US Federal Regulations**

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

R-1077	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard	Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
Classes	Health hazard - Aspiration hazard
	Health hazard - Respiratory or skin sensitization
	Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity
	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation
	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation
	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated
	exposure)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
05/21/2021 EN (English	US) 10/16

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CERCLA RQ	100 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission	1 %
Reporting	

#### **US State Regulations** 15.2.

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause
	cancer.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	

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U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Acute U.S. - California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminants - Non-Cancer Chronic U.S. - California - Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728) U.S. - Colorado - Groundwater Quality Standards U.S. - Colorado - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, **Container and Spill Residues** U.S. - Colorado - Primary Drinking Water Regulations - Maximum Contaminant Level Goals (MCLGs) U.S. - Colorado - Primary Drinking Water Regulations - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Connecticut - Drinking Water Quality Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities U.S. - Florida - Drinking Water Standards - Volatile Organic Contaminants - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Georgia - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs) U.S. - Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants U.S. - Louisiana - Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants U.S. - Maine - Air Pollutants - Hazardous Air Pollutants U.S. - Massachusetts - Allowable Ambient Limits (AALs) U.S. - Massachusetts - Allowable Threshold Concentrations (ATCs) U.S. - Massachusetts - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration -Reporting Category 1 U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration -Reporting Category 2 U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Reportable Quantity U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1 U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2 RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Massachusetts - Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TELs) U.S. - Massachusetts - Toxics Use Reduction Act U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Michigan - Polluting Materials List U.S. - Minnesota - Chemicals of High Concern U.S. - Minnesota - Groundwater Health Risk Limits U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Missouri - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Nebraska - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - New Hampshire - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual U.S. - New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances U.S. - New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List U.S. - New Jersey - Primary Drinking Water Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels - MCLs

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RTK - U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List
U.S New Jersey - Water Quality - Ground Water Quality Criteria
U.S New Jersey - Water Quality - Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs)
U.S New Mexico - Water Quality - Standards for Ground Water of 10,000 mg/L TDS
Concentration or Less
U.S New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - List of Hazardous Substances
U.S North Carolina - Control of Toxic Air Pollutants
U.S North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 1-Hour
U.S North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour
U.S North Dakota - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification
Species, Container and Spill Residues
U.S North Dakota - Water Quality Standards - Human Health Value for Classes I, IA, II
U.S Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical
Groups
U.S Pennsylvania - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
RTK - U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
RTK - U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 1-Hour
U.S Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 24-Hour
U.S Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - Annual
U.S Rhode Island - Water Quality Standards - Acute Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria
All concentrations are expressed as percentages by weight unless the ingredient is a gas.
U.S South Carolina - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
U.S South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Maximum Allowable Concentrations
U.S South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Pollutant Categories
U.S Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S Texas - City of Austin - Aerosol Paint and Glue Restrictions
U.S Texas - Drinking Water Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
U.S Utah - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
U.S Washington - Dangerous Waste - Discarded Chemical Products List
U.S Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S West Virginia - Water Quality - Groundwater Standards - Ceiling Concentrations
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet
to Less Than 40 Feet
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet
to Less Than 75 Feet
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet
or Greater
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights Less
Than 25 Feet
2-Butanone, O,O',O''-(methylsilylidyne)trioxime (22984-54-9)
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

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#### Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica (68909-20-6)

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

#### Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)

U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour

U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual

U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

## SECTION 16: Other Information, Including Date of Preparation or Last Revision

Date of Preparation or Latest05/21/2021RevisionThis documentOther InformationThis document

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapor)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Muta. 2	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2
Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization, category 1B
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
		Category 3
	H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
	H312	Harmful in contact with skin
	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
	H315	Causes skin irritation
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
	H318	Causes serious eye damage
	H319	Causes serious eye irritation
	H332	Harmful if inhaled
	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
	H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
	H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
	H370	Causes damage to organs
	H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged
		or repeated exposure
	H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
	H401	Toxic to aquatic life
	H402	Harmful to aquatic life
	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
NFPA	A Health Hazard	3 - Materials that, under emergency
NFPA	A Fire Hazard	conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury. 2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur.
NFP <i>A</i>	Reactivity Hazard	0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.
HMIS Heal	III Rating th	3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given * Chronic - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Flam Physi	mability cal	2 Moderate Hazard 0 Minimal Hazard

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