



Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision date: 03/06/2023 Date of issue: 03/05/2015

Version: 4.0

SECTION 1: Identification

Product Identifier 1.1.

Product Form Mixture Product Name R-1008-1 Synonyms Silicone Ink

1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Use of the Substance/Mixture For professional use only.

1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology LLC

1050 Cindy Lane

Carpinteria, California 93013

USA

(805) 684-8780

productstewardship@avantorsciencesgcc.com

www.nusil.com

1.4. **Emergency Telephone Number**

800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International Emergency

Number and Maritime)

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

Classification of the Substance or Mixture 2.1.

GHS-US Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eve Irrit, 2A H319 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Repr. 1B H360 STOT RE 2 H373 Asp. Tox. 1 H304 Aquatic Acute 3 H402 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

2.2. **Label Elements**

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)









GHS02

Signal Word (GHS-US) Danger

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Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H402 Harmful to aquatic life
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P240 Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P260 Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray.
- P264 Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
- P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or
- P303+P361+P353 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- P321 Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P370+P378 In case of fire: Use appropriate media (see section 5) to extinguish.
- P391 Collect spillage.

03/06/2023 EN (English US) P403+P233+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep

container tightly closed. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information On Ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product Identifier	%	GHS-US Classification
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS-No.) 1330-20-7	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
			Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312
			Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapor), H332
			Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
			STOT SE 3, H336
			Asp. Tox. 1, H304
			Aquatic Acute 2, H401
2-Butanone, O,O',O''-	(CAS-No.) 22984-54-9	< 15	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
(methylsilylidyne)trioxime			Skin Sens. 1B, H317
			STOT RE 2, H373
Titanium dioxide	(CAS No) 13463-67-7	< 10	Not classified
Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-	(CAS-No.) 68909-20-6	< 10	Not classified
N-(trimethylsilyI)-, hydrolysis			
products with silica			
Octamethylcyclotetra-	(CAS-No.) 556-67-2	< 1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
siloxane			Repr. 2, H361
			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Dibutyltin dilaurate	(CAS-No.) 77-58-7	< 0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
			Skin Sens. 1, H317
			Muta. 2, H341
			Repr. 1B, H360
			STOT SE 1, H370
			STOT RE 1, H372
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

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SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

4.1. **Description of First-aid Measures**

First-aid Measures General Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you

feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where

possible).

When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate First-aid Measures After

Inhalation

suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty

persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin

Contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with

water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if

irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Eye

Contact

Ingestion

Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Obtain medical attention.

First-aid Measures After Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Skin

> sensitization. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters

airways.

Symptoms/Injuries After

Inhalation

Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin

Contact

Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and

dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye

Contact

Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the

conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After

Inaestion

Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting

and may cause lung injury.

Chronic Symptoms May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media : Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide

(CO₂). Water may be ineffective but water should be used to

keep fire-exposed container cool.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media : Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may

spread burning liquid.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard Flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion Hazard May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

03/06/2023 EN (English US) 4/16 Reactivity Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or

explosion.

5.3. **Advice for Firefighters**

Precautionary Measures Fire Firefighting Instructions

Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case

of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire

remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, **Protection During Firefighting**

including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion

Products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Silicon oxides.

Other Information Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures 6.1.

General Measures Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from

heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric

charges. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). **Emergency Procedures** Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective Equipment Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to

recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

Eliminate ignition sources.

Environmental Precautions 6.2.

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration

> and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all

directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely.

> Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Use only non-

sparking tools.

Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

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SECTION 7: Handling And Storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors

Processed are flammable.

Precautions for Safe Handling Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and

water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do

not breathe vapors, mist, spray.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent

static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and

lighting equipment.

Storage Conditions Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight,

extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container

tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place.

Incompatible Materials Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

7.3. Specific End Use(S)

For professional use only.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), or OSHA (PEL).

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human	
		Carcinogen	
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	1.5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter:	
		Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine -	
		Sampling time: end of shift	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm	
Titanium dioxide	Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human	
		Carcinogen	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (total dust)	

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Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica (68909-20-6)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	6 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	20 mppcf (80 mg/m³/%SiO ₂)
Tin organic compou	nds	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route, Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.

Personal Protective Equipment









Materials For Protective Clothing Hand Protection Eye And Face Protection

Eye And Face Protection
Skin And Body Protection
Respiratory Protection

Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Wear protective gloves.
Chemical safety goggles.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved

respiratory protection.

Other Information When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Liquid
Appearance White
Odor Solvent

Odor Threshold

PH

No data available

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Flash Point 27 °C (80 °F)

Auto-ignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Flammability (solid, gas)

Vapor Pressure

Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C

No data available

No data available

No data available

Specific Gravity > 1

Solubility

Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Water

Viscosity

No data available

No data available

No data available

9.2. Other Information

VOC Content 10 - 30%

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

LD50 Dermal Rat

Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

None expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral) : Not classified Acute Toxicity (Dermal) : Not classified Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) : Not classified

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	6247 ppm/4h (species: Sprague-Dawley)	
ATE (Dermal)	1,100.00 mg/kg body weight	
ATE (Vapors)	11.00 mg/l/4h	
2-Butanone, O,O',O"-(methylsilylidyne)trioxime (22984-54-9)		
LD50 Oral Rat	2463 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)		
LD50 oral rat	> 10000 mg/kg	
Dibutyltin dilgurate (77-58-	Dibutyltin dilgurate (77-58-7)	

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> 2 g/kg

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Skin Corrosion/Irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Not classified

Not classified

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
IARC Group	3
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)	
IARC group	2B
OSHA Hazard Communication	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.
Carcinogen List	

Reproductive Toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single : Not classified

Exposure)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated : May cause damage to organs through prolonged

Exposure) or repeated exposure.

Aspiration Hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms/Injuries After Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Inhalation

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and

Contact dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of

Contact the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting

Ingestion and may cause lung injury.

Chronic Symptoms May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage

to organs (blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
LC50 Fish 1	3.3 mg/l	
EC50 Daphnia 1	3.82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)	
LC50 Fish 2	2.661 (2.661 - 4.093) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species:	
	Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])	
2-Butanone, O,O',O"-(methylsilylidyne)trioxime (22984-54-9)		
EC50 Daphnia 1	120 mg/l (Exposure time: 48h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)		
LC50 fish 1	> 1000 ml/l (Exposure Time: 96h - Species: Pimephales promelas	
	(static)	
Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.463 mg/l (Daphnia magna)	

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

<u> </u>	
R-1008-1	
Persistence and Degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

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12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

R-1008-1	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1	1330-20-7)
BCF Fish 1	0.6 (0.6 - 15)
Log Pow	2.77 - 3.15
Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	
Log Pow	4.44

12.4. Mobility In Soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,

Recommendations regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors

are flammable.

the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name XYLENES SOLUTION

Hazard Class 3

Identification Number UN1307

Label Codes3Packing GroupIIIERG Number130Marine pollutantYes



14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name XYLENES SOLUTION

Hazard Class 3

Identification Number UN1307

Packing Group III
Label Codes 3
EmS-No. (Fire) F-E
EmS-No. (Spillage) S-D
Marine pollutant Yes



14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name XYLENES SOLUTION

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Packing Group III

Identification Number UN1307

Hazard Class 3 Label Codes 3 ERG Code (IATA) 3L



SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

R-1008-1		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard	Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)	
Classes	Health hazard - Aspiration hazard	
	Health hazard - Respiratory or skin sensitization	
	Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity	
	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation	
	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation	
	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated	
	exposure)	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ	100 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission	1 %	
Reporting		

15.2. US State Regulations

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	

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- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Acute
- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Chronic
- U.S. California Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)
- U.S. Colorado Groundwater Quality Standards
- U.S. Colorado Hazardous Wastes Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
- U.S. Colorado Primary Drinking Water Regulations Maximum Contaminant Level Goals (MCLGs)
- U.S. Colorado Primary Drinking Water Regulations Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Connecticut Drinking Water Quality Standards Maximum Contaminant Levels
- U.S. Delaware Pollutant Discharge Requirements Reportable Quantities
- U.S. Florida Drinking Water Standards Volatile Organic Contaminants Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Georgia Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Emission Levels (ELs)
- U.S. Idaho Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Illinois Toxic Air Contaminants
- U.S. Louisiana Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants
- U.S. Maine Air Pollutants Hazardous Air Pollutants
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Ambient Limits (AALs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Threshold Concentrations (ATCs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Reportable Quantity
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- RTK U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Massachusetts Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TELs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Toxics Use Reduction Act
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Michigan Polluting Materials List
- U.S. Minnesota Chemicals of High Concern
- U.S. Minnesota Groundwater Health Risk Limits
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Missouri Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Nebraska Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. New Hampshire Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) Annual
- U.S. New Jersey Discharge Prevention List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. New Jersey Environmental Hazardous Substances List
- U.S. New Jersey Primary Drinking Water Standards Maximum Contaminant Levels MCLs

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- RTK U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Special Health Hazards Substances List
- U.S. New Jersey Water Quality Ground Water Quality Criteria
- U.S. New Jersey Water Quality Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs)
- U.S. New Mexico Water Quality Standards for Ground Water of 10,000 mg/L TDS Concentration or Less
- U.S. New York Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. New York Reporting of Releases Part 597 List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. North Carolina Control of Toxic Air Pollutants
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 1-Hour
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 8-Hour
- U.S. North Dakota Hazardous Wastes Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
- U.S. North Dakota Water Quality Standards Human Health Value for Classes I, IA, II
- U.S. Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. California Safer Consumer Products Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups
- U.S. Pennsylvania Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels 1-Hour
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels 24-Hour
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels Annual
- U.S. Rhode Island Water Quality Standards Acute Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria

All concentrations are expressed as percentages by weight unless the ingredient is a gas.

- U.S. South Carolina Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. South Carolina Toxic Air Pollutants Maximum Allowable Concentrations
- U.S. South Carolina Toxic Air Pollutants Pollutant Categories
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Texas City of Austin Aerosol Paint and Glue Restrictions
- U.S. Texas Drinking Water Standards Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- U.S. Utah Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Washington Dangerous Waste Discarded Chemical Products List
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. West Virginia Water Quality Groundwater Standards Ceiling Concentrations
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet

2-Butanone, O,O',O"-(methylsilylidyne)trioxime (22984-54-9)

- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term

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Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (30 min)
- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (8 hr)
- U.S. Idaho Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Illinois Toxic Air Contaminant Carcinogens
- RTK U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Minnesota Chemicals of High Concern
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) Annual
- RTK U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New York Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 8-Hour
- U.S. Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- U.S. Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs

Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica (68909-20-6)

- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term

Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)

- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) Annual
- U.S. California Safer Consumer Products Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term

SECTION 16: Other Information, Including Date of Preparation or Last Revision

Date of Preparation or Latest 03/06/2023

Revision

Other Information This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS

requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29

CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 4
(Inhalation:vapor)	

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A	
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Muta. 2	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2
Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity Category 1B
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization, category 1B
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H370	Causes damage to organs
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
A Lla alth Llarard	2 Materials that under emergency

NFPA Health Hazard

3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.

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Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

NFPA Fire Hazard 2 - Materials that must be moderately

heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can

occur.

NFPA Reactivity Hazard 0 - Material that in themselves are

normally stable, even under fire

conditions.

HMIS III Rating

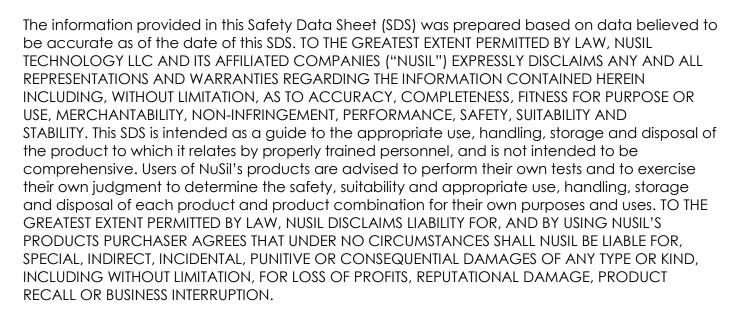
Health 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is

taken and medical treatment is given

* Chronic - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from

repeated overexposure

Flammability 2 Moderate Hazard Physical 0 Minimal Hazard



NuSil US GHS SDS

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