Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision Date:: 05/22/2023 Date of Issue: 05/15/2014





Version 4.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form Product Name Synonyms Mixture MED-6670 Part A Silicone Dispersion

1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Use of the Substance/Mixture For professional use only.

1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane Carpinteria, California 93013 USA (805) 684-8780 productstewardship@avantorsciencesgcc.com www.nusil.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International and Maritime)

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification

Flammable liquids Category 3	H226
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B	H314
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1	H318
Reproductive toxicity Category 1B	H360
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2	H373
Aspiration hazard Category 1	H304
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3	H402

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)

Signal Word (GHS-US) Hazard Statements (GHS-US)



Danger H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H318 - Causes serious eye damage H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child H373 - May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, bagging organs liver) through prolonged or reported exposure

hearing organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral, Inhalation)

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life

Precautionary Statements (GHS- US)	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 - Keep container tightly closed. P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment. P242 - Use only non-sparking tools. P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray. P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection. P301+P30+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER, a doctor. P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS). P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol foam, or CO2 to extinguish. P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, we have a supervision content set on a destron and the protection.
	regional, national, and international regulations.
2.3. Other Hazards	
Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification	Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) 2.4.

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information On Ingredients

3.1. **Substances**

Not applicable

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product Identifier	%*	GHS-US Classification
Silanetriol, ethyl-, triacetate	(CAS-No.) 17689-77-9	45 - 70	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS-No.) 1330-20-7	13 - 19	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Octamethyltrisiloxane	(CAS-No.) 107-51-7	7 - 13	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
Methyl vinylcyclosiloxane	(CAS-No.) 2554-06-5	0.1 - 1	Repr. 1B, H360
Platinum Catalyst	(CAS-No.) 68478-92-2	0.1 - 1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid Measures After	Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable
Inhalation	for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or
	doctor/physician.
First-aid Measures After Skin	Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush
Contact	skin with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid Measures After Eye	Immediately rinse with water for at least 30 minutes. Remove
Contact	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid Measures After Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Turn affected person(s) on their side and maintain in that position to prevent aspiration. Rinse mouth. Obtain emergency medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral, Inhalation). May
Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation	damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. May be corrosive to the respiratory tract.
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact	Causes severe irritation which will progress to chemical burns.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact	Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.
Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion	May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.
Chronic Symptoms	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral, Inhalation). May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media :	Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO_2) .
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media :	Do not use water. May hydrolyze with water to form acetic acid.
5.2. Special Hazards Arising F	rom the Substance or Mixture
Fire Hazard	Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Will float and can be reignited on water surface.
Explosion Hazard Reactivity	May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture. Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion. May hydrolyze with water to form acetic acid.
5.3. Advice for Firefighters	
Precautionary Measures Fire	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.
Firefighting Instructions	Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
Protection During Firefighting	Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Hazardous Combustion Products	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Silicon oxides. Metal oxides. Formaldehyde.
Other Information	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures

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General Measures	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and		
	other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid		
	static electric charges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on		
	clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.		
6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Person	nel		
Protective Equipment	Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).		
Emergency Procedures	Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.		
6.1.2. For emergency responders			
Protective Equipment	Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.		
Emergency Procedures	Eliminate ignition sources first, then ventilate the area. Upon		
O ,	arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize		
	the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the		
	public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained		
	personnel as soon as conditions permit.		
6.2. Environmental Precaution	ns		
Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.			
6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up			
For Containment	As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak		
	area in all directions. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents		
	to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.		
Methods for Cleaning Up	Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Use		
mentious for cleaning up			

to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not use water for cleaning. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling And Storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When	Will decompose above 150 °C (> 300 °F) releasing
Processed	formaldehyde vapors. Handle empty containers with care
	because residual vapors are flammable.
Precautions for Safe Handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only
	non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray. Do not get in
	eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Handle empty containers with care
	because they may still present a hazard. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting
	equipment. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground
	and bond container and receiving equipment. Comply with
	applicable regulations.
Storage Conditions	Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible
	materials. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place. Store locked up/in a
	secure area.
Incompatible Materials	Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Water. Moisture.
7.3. Specific End Use(S)	

For professional use only.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), or OSHA (PEL).

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human
		Carcinogen
USA ACGIH	BEI (BL∨)	1.5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter:
		Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine -
		Sampling time: end of shift
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Personal Protective Equipment

Materials For Protective Clothing Hand Protection Eye And Face Protection Skin And Body Protection Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Face shield.



Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Corrosion-proof clothing. Wear protective gloves. Chemical safety goggles and face shield. Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection	If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.
Other Information	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Colorless to yellow
Odor	Solvent
Odor Threshold	No data available
pH	No data available
Evaporation Rate	No data available
Melting Point	No data available
Freezing Point	No data available
Boiling Point	140 °C (284 °F)
Flash Point	27 °C (80.6 °F)
Auto-ignition Temperature	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Vapor Pressure	No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	No data available
Relative Density	< 1 (water = 1)
Specific Gravity	< 1
Solubility	No data available
Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Wo	nter No data available
Viscosity	No data available
9.2. Other Information	
VOC Content	13 – 19 %

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion. May hydrolyze with water to form acetic acid.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Water. Moisture.

Safety Data Sheet According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition may produce: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Silicon oxides. Metal oxides. Will decompose above 150 °C (>300° F) releasing formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

	<u>j </u>
Acute Toxicity (Oral)	Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Dermal)	Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)	Not classified
Silanetriol, ethyl-, triacetate (176	39-77-9)
LD50 Oral Rat	1460 mg/kg

Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 22.6 mg/l/4h
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 22.6 mg/l/4h

Methyl vinylcyclosiloxane (2554-06-5)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 4800 mg/kg (Read accross, no deaths)	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (no deaths)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 1.32 mg/l/4h (Species: Sprague-Dawley, maximum achievable	
concentration, no deaths)		

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	3523 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	6247 ppm/4h (species: Sprague-Dawley)	
ATE (Dermal)	1,100.00 mg/kg body weight	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Causes severe skin burns.	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	Causes serious eye damage.	
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	Not classified	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	Not classified	

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isor	mers) (1330-20-7)	
IARC Group	3	

Reproductive Toxicity Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. Not classified
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral, Inhalation).
Aspiration Hazard Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May be corrosive to the respiratory tract.
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Safety Data Sheet According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact	Causes severe irritation which will progress to chemical burns.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact	Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.
Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion	May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.
Chronic Symptoms	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral, Inhalation). May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General	Harmful to aquatic life.	
Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-7)		
LC50 Fish 1	> 19.4 µg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss	
	[flow-through])	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330)-20-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	3.3 mg/l	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)	
LC50 Fish 2	2.661 (2.661 – 4.093) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species:	
	Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])	
12.2. Persistence and Degrad	Jability	
MED-6670 Part A		
Persistence and Degradability	bility Not established.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative Poten	tial	
MED-6670 Part A		
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.	
Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-7)	-	
BCF Fish 1	(7730 L/kg (whole body w.w.)	
Partition coefficient n-	6.598 (at 25.3 °C)	
octanol/water (Log Pow)		
Methyl vinylcyclosiloxane (2554-	06-5)	
Partition coefficient n-	6.47	
octanol/water (Log Pow)		
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330)-20-7)	
BCF Fish 1	0.6 (0.6 – 15)	
Partition coefficient n-	2.77 – 3.15	
octanol/water (Log Pow)		
12 1 Mability In Sail		

12.4. Mobility In Soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,
Recommendations	regional, national, and international regulations.
Additional Information	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
Ecology - Waste Materials	Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name	CORROSIVE LIQUIDS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Silanetriol, ethyl-,
	triacetate; Xylenes [o-, m-, p- isomers])
Hazard Class	8
Identification Number	UN2920
Label Codes	8, 3
Packing Group	
ERG Number	132
14.2. In Accordance	e with IMDG
Proper Shipping Name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Silanetriol, ethyl-,
	triacetate; Xylenes [o-, m-, p- isomers])
Hazard Class	8
Subsidiary Risk(s)	3
Identification Number	UN2920
Packing Group	
Label Codes	8, 3
EmS-No. (Fire)	F-E
EmS-No. (Spillage)	S-C
MFAG Number	132
14.3. In Accordance	e with IATA
Proper Shipping Name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Silanetriol, ethyl-,
	triacetate; Xylenes [o-, m-, p- isomers])
Packing Group	
Identification Number	UN2920
Hazard Class	8
Label Codes	8, 3
Subsidiary Risk(s)	3
ERG Code (IATA)	8F

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

MED-6670 Part A		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated	
Classes	exposure)	
	Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)	
	Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity	
	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation	
	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation	
	Health hazard - Aspiration hazard	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-	-20-7)	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ	100 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission	1 %	
Reporting		

15.2. US State Regulations

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens	WARNING: This product contains chemicals	
List	known to the State of California to cause	
	cancer.	
Silanetriol, ethyl-, triacetate (17689-77-9)		
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term		
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term		
Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-7)		
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term		
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term		
U.S California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical		
Groups		
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
U.S California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminar		
U.S California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminar		
U.S California - Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 18	07, AB 2728)	
U.S Colorado - Groundwater Quality Standards		
U.S Colorado - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species,		
Container and Spill Residues		
U.S Colorado - Primary Drinking Water Regulations - Maximum Contaminant Level Goals		
(MCLGs)		
U.S Colorado - Primary Drinking Water Regulatic		
U.S Connecticut - Drinking Water Quality Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels		
U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities U.S Florida - Drinking Water Standards - Volatile Organic Contaminants - Maximum Contaminant		
Levels (MCLs)	Organic Contaminants - Maximum Contaminant	
	minant Lovals (MCLs)	
U.S Georgia - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations		
	13 - Acceptable Ambient Concerniations	

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulation

U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs) U.S. - Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants U.S. - Louisiana - Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants U.S. - Maine - Air Pollutants - Hazardous Air Pollutants U.S. - Massachusetts - Allowable Ambient Limits (AALs) U.S. - Massachusetts - Allowable Threshold Concentrations (ATCs) U.S. - Massachusetts - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration -Reporting Category 1 U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration -Reporting Category 2 U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Reportable Quantity U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1 U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2 RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Massachusetts - Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TELs) U.S. - Massachusetts - Toxics Use Reduction Act U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Michigan - Polluting Materials List U.S. - Minnesota - Chemicals of High Concern U.S. - Minnesota - Groundwater Health Risk Limits U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Missouri - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Nebraska - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - New Hampshire - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual U.S. - New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances U.S. - New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List U.S. - New Jersey - Primary Drinking Water Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels - MCLs RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List U.S. - New Jersey - Water Quality - Ground Water Quality Criteria U.S. - New Jersey - Water Quality - Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs) U.S. - New Mexico - Water Quality - Standards for Ground Water of 10,000 mg/L TDS Concentration or Less U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - List of Hazardous Substances U.S. - North Carolina - Control of Toxic Air Pollutants U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 1-Hour U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour U.S. - North Dakota - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues U.S. - North Dakota - Water Quality Standards - Human Health Value for Classes I, IA, II U.S. - Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs

Safety Data Sheet According to Federal Register / Vol. 77. No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups U.S. - Pennsylvania - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 1-Hour U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 24-Hour U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - Annual U.S. - Rhode Island - Water Quality Standards - Acute Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria All concentrations are expressed as percentages by weight unless the ingredient is a gas. U.S. - South Carolina - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Maximum Allowable Concentrations U.S. - South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Pollutant Categories U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Texas - City of Austin - Aerosol Paint and Glue Restrictions U.S. - Texas - Drinking Water Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term U.S. - Utah - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Washington - Dangerous Waste - Discarded Chemical Products List U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - West Virginia - Water Quality - Groundwater Standards - Ceiling Concentrations U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater U.S. - Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet

SECTION 16: Other Information, Including Date of Preparation or Last Revision

Date of Preparation or Latest	05/22/2023
Revision	
Other Information	This document has

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation

Safety Data Sheet According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

	H332	Harmful if inhaled	
	H335	May cause respiratory irritation	
	H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child	
	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	
	H401	Toxic to aquatic life	
	H402	Harmful to aquatic life	
NFPA	Health Hazard	3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.	
NFP#	Fire Hazard	3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.	
NFPA	Reactivity Hazard	0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.	

HMIS III Rating	
Health	3 Serious Hazard
	* Chronic - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Flammability	3 Serious Hazard
Physical	0 Minimal Hazard

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Nusil US GHS SDS

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision Date:: 05/22/2023 Date of Issue: 03/24/2014





Version 4.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form Product Name Synonyms Mixture MED-6670 Part B Silicone Dispersion

1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Use of the Substance/Mixture For professional use only.

1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane Carpinteria, California 93013 USA (805) 684-8780 productstewardship@avantorsciencesgcc.com www.nusil.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International and Maritime)

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification

Flammable liquids Category 3	H226
Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4	H312
Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 4	H332
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	H315
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2	H319
Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation	H335
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2	H373
Aspiration hazard Category 1	H304
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2	H401
2.0 Jahol Elemente	

2.2. Label Elements GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)

Signal Word (GHS-US) Hazard Statements (GHS-US)



Danger

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled

- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H373 May cause damage to organs (central nervous system,

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Precautionary Statements (GHS-	
US)	

hearing organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation, oral) H401 - Toxic to aquatic life P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.

P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS).

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information On Ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product Identifier	%*	GHS-US Classification
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS-No.) 1330-20-7	60 - 80	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Octamethyltrisiloxane	(CAS-No.) 107-51-7	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
Siloxanes and Silicones, dimethyl,	(CAS-No.) 68037-59-2	1 - 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
methyl hydrogen			Eye Irrit. 2, H319
			STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid Measures After Inhalation	When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if necessary. Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid Measures After Skin Contact	Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
First-aid Measures After Eye Contact	Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
First-aid Measures After Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Turn affected person(s) on their side and maintain in that position to prevent aspiration. Rinse mouth. Obtain emergency medical attention.

Safety Data Sheet According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if
	inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
	Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.
	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing
	organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral,
	Inhalation).
Symptoms/Injuries After	Inhalation is likely to cause adverse health effects including but
Inhalation	not limited to: irritation, difficulty breathing, and
	unconsciousness. Irritation of the respiratory tract and the other
	mucous membranes.
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin	This material is harmful through skin contact, and can cause
Contact	adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. This
	material may be absorbed through the skin and eyes. Redness,
	pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye	Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the
Contact	conjunctiva.
Symptoms/Injuries After	Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting
Ingestion	and may cause lung injury.
Chronic Symptoms	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing
	organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral,
	Inhalation).

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media	: Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	: Do not use water. Reacts with water to release flammable hydrogen gas.
5.2. Special Hazards Arising	From the Substance or Mixture
Fire Hazard	Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Will float and can be reignited on water surface.
Explosion Hazard	May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.
Reactivity	Contact with water, alcohols, acids or bases, and many metals or metallic compounds can liberate flammable Hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures in air. Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.
5.3. Advice for Firefighters	ç ,
Precautionary Measures Fire	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.
Firefighting Instructions	Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
Protection During Firefighting	Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous CombustionCarbon oxides (CO, CO2). Silicon oxides. Formaldehyde.ProductsExplosive hydrogen gas.Other InformationDo not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water
courses.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures

General Measures Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective EquipmentUse appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).Emergency ProceduresEvacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.6.1.2. For emergency responders

6.1.2. For emergency responders Protective Equipment

Emergency Procedures

Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Eliminate ignition sources first, then ventilate the area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For ContainmentAs an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak
area in all directions. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents
to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.Methods for Cleaning UpClean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Use
only non-sparking tools. Do not use water for cleaning. Absorb
and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in
combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material.
Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal.
Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling And Storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards WhenWill decompose above 150 °C (> 300 °F) releasingProcessedformaldehyde vapors. Handle empty containers with care
because residual vapors are flammable.

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Precautions for Safe Handling	Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
7.2. Conditions for Safe Storag	e, Including Any Incompatibilities
Technical Measures	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Comply with applicable regulations.
Storage Conditions	Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area. Store in a well- ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place.
Incompatible Materials	Alcohols. Metals. Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Water.
7.3. Specific End Use(S)	

For professional use only.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), or OSHA (PEL).

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human
		Carcinogen
USA ACGIH	BEI (BL∨)	1.5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter:
		Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine -
		Sampling time: end of shift
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Safety Data Sheet According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Personal Protective Equipment

Materials For Protective Clothing Hand Protection Eye And Face Protection Skin And Body Protection Respiratory Protection Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Wear protective gloves. Chemical safety goggles. Wear suitable protective clothing. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State		Liquid
Appearance		Colorless to white
Odor		Solvent
Odor Threshold		No data available
рН		No data available
Evaporation Rate		No data available
Melting Point		No data available
Freezing Point		No data available
Boiling Point		140 °C (284 °F)
Flash Point		27 °C (80.6 °F)
Auto-ignition Temperature		No data available
Decomposition Temperature		No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)		Not applicable
Vapor Pressure		No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C		No data available
Relative Density		< 1 (Water=1)
Specific Gravity		<]
Solubility		No data available
Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/We	ater	No data available
Viscosity		No data available
9.2. Other Information		
VOC Content	60 – 80	

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Contact with water, alcohols, acids or bases, and many metals or metallic compounds can liberate flammable Hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures in air. Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

Safety Data Sheet According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

10.2. Chemical Stability

Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Evolved hydrogen gas is flammable and may form explosive mixtures with air. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Alcohols. Metals. Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Water.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

May produce explosive hydrogen gas on contact with incompatibilities or upon thermal decomposition. Thermal decomposition may produce: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Silicon oxides. Will decompose above 150 °C (>300° F) releasing formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral)	Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Dermal)	Harmful in contact with skin.
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)	Harmful if inhaled.
MED-6670 Part B	
ATE (Dermal)	1,571.43 mg/kg body weight
ATE (Vapors)	15.71 mg/l/4h

Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 22.6 mg/l/4h

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	3523 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	6247 ppm/4h (species: Sprague-Dawley)
ATE (Dermal)	1,100.00 mg/kg body weight
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	Not classified
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Not classified
Carcinogenicity	Not classified
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
IARC Group	3

Reproductive Toxicity Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Not classified May cause respiratory irritation.

Safety Data Sheet According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation, oral).
Aspiration Hazard Symptoms/Injuries After	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Inhalation is likely to cause adverse health effects including but
Inhalation	not limited to: irritation, difficulty breathing, and
	unconsciousness. Irritation of the respiratory tract and the other mucous membranes.
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact	This material is harmful through skin contact, and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. This material may be absorbed through the skin and eyes. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact	Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.
Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion	Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.
Chronic Symptoms	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing organs, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral, Inhalation).

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

12.1. IOXICITY	
Ecology - General	Toxic to aquatic life.
Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	> 19.4 µg/I (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss
	[flow-through])
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330	-20-7)
LC50 Fish 1	3.3 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)
LC50 Fish 2	2.661 (2.661 – 4.093) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species:
	Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
12.2. Persistence and Degrac	lability
MED-6670 Part B	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.
12.3. Bioaccumulative Potent	lial
MED-6670 Part B	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-7)	
BCF Fish 1	(7730 L/kg (whole body w.w.)
Partition coefficient n-	6.598 (at 25.3 °C)
octanol/water (Log Pow)	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330	-20-7)
BCF Fish 1	0.6 (0.6 – 15)
Partition coefficient n-	2.77 – 3.15
octanol/water (Log Pow)	

12.4. Mobility In Soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,
Recommendations	regional, national, and international regulations.
Additional Information	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
Ecology - Waste Materials	Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance	e with DOT	
Proper Shipping Name	XYLENES SOLUTION	
Hazard Class	3	
Identification Number	UN1307	FLAMMABLE LIQUED
Label Codes	3	3
Packing Group	111	
ERG Number	130	
14.2. In Accordance	e with IMDG	
Proper Shipping Name	XYLENES SOLUTION	
Hazard Class	3	
Identification Number	UN1307	
Packing Group	III	
Label Codes	3	arter a
EmS-No. (Fire)	F-E	$\langle \underline{\bullet} \rangle$
EmS-No. (Spillage)	S-D	3
MFAG Number	130	
14.3. In Accordance	e with IATA	
Proper Shipping Name	XYLENES SOLUTION	
Packing Group	III	
Identification Number	UN1307	atte
Hazard Class	3	
Label Codes	3	3
ERG Code (IATA)	3L	

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

Safety Data Sheet According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

MED-6670 Part B	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated
Classes	exposure)
	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation
	Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation
	Health hazard - Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
	Health hazard - Aspiration hazard
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330	-20-7)
Subject to reporting requirement	s of United States SARA Section 313
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission	1 %
Reporting	

15.2. **US State Regulations**

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens	WARNING: This product contains chemicals
List	known to the State of California to cause
	cancer.
Octamethyltrisiloxane (107-51-7)	
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term	
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term	
U.S California - Safer Consumer Products - Initia	List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical
Groups	(
Siloxanes and Silicones, dimethyl, methyl hydroge	
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term	
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
U.S California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminal	
U.S California - SCAQMD - Toxic Air Contaminal	
U.S California - Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 18	
U.S Colorado - Groundwater Quality Standards U.S Colorado - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded (
Container and Spill Residues	chemical Froducts, On-specification species,
U.S Colorado - Primary Drinking Water Regulatio	ons - Maximum Contaminant Level Goals
(MCLGs)	
U.S Colorado - Primary Drinking Water Regulation	ons - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
U.S Connecticut - Drinking Water Quality Stand	
U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requiremer	
. .	Organic Contaminants - Maximum Contaminant
Levels (MCLs)	
U.S Georgia - Drinking Water - Maximum Conta	
U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutar	
U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutar	
U.S Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWA	S
U.S Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants	
U.S Louisiana - Reportable Quantity List for Pollu	
U.S Maine - Air Pollutants - Hazardous Air Polluta	
U.S Massachusetts - Allowable Ambient Limits (/	
U.S Massachusetts - Allowable Threshold Conce	

Safety Data Sheet According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

U.S. - Massachusetts - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration -Reporting Category 1 U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration -**Reporting Category 2** U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Reportable Quantity U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1 U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2 RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Massachusetts - Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TELs) U.S. - Massachusetts - Toxics Use Reduction Act U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Michigan - Polluting Materials List U.S. - Minnesota - Chemicals of High Concern U.S. - Minnesota - Groundwater Health Risk Limits U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Missouri - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - Nebraska - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - New Hampshire - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual U.S. - New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances U.S. - New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List U.S. - New Jersey - Primary Drinking Water Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels - MCLs RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List U.S. - New Jersey - Water Quality - Ground Water Quality Criteria U.S. - New Jersey - Water Quality - Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs) U.S. - New Mexico - Water Quality - Standards for Ground Water of 10,000 mg/L TDS Concentration or Less U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - List of Hazardous Substances U.S. - North Carolina - Control of Toxic Air Pollutants U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 1-Hour U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour U.S. - North Dakota - Hazardous Wastes - Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues U.S. - North Dakota - Water Quality Standards - Human Health Value for Classes I, IA, II U.S. - Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups U.S. - Pennsylvania - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 1-Hour U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 24-Hour

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

U.S Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - Annual
U.S Rhode Island - Water Quality Standards - Acute Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria
All concentrations are expressed as percentages by weight unless the ingredient is a gas.
U.S South Carolina - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
U.S South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Maximum Allowable Concentrations
U.S South Carolina - Toxic Air Pollutants - Pollutant Categories
U.S Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S Texas - City of Austin - Aerosol Paint and Glue Restrictions
U.S Texas - Drinking Water Standards - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
U.S Utah - Drinking Water - Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
U.S Washington - Dangerous Waste - Discarded Chemical Products List
U.S Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S West Virginia - Water Quality - Groundwater Standards - Ceiling Concentrations
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet
to Less Than 40 Feet
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet
to Less Than 75 Feet
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet
or Greater
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than
25 Feet

SECTION 16: Other Information, Including Date of Preparation or Last Revision

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision	05/22/2023
Other Information	This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H401	Toxic to aquatic life

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

NFPA Health Hazard	2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary
NFPA Fire Hazard	incapacitation or residual injury. 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient
NFPA Reactivity Hazard	temperature conditions. 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.
HMIS III Rating	
Health	2 Moderate Hazard * Chronic - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Flammability Physical	3 Serious Hazard 0 Minimal Hazard

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