MED-4502-1





Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision Date:: 03/21/2023 Date of Issue: 09/04/2014

Version 5.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form Mixture
Product Name MED-4502-1

Synonyms Color Masterbatch

1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Use of the Substance/Mixture For professional use only

1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane

Carpinteria, California 93013

USA

(805) 684-8780

productstewardship@avantorsciencesgcc.com

www.nusil.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US)

Number +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International and Maritime)

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification

Reproductive toxicity Category 2 H361 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2 H411

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)





GHS09

GHS08 Warning

Signal Word (GHS-US)

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements (GHS- P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

US)

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been

read and understood.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear gloves, protective clothing, eye protection. P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical

advice/attention.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,

regional, national, and international regulations.

03/21/2023 EN (English US) 1/10

2.3. Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory to the Classification

2.4. **Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)**

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information On Ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

Mixtures

Name	Product Identifier	%	GHS-US Classification
Titanium dioxide	(CAS-No.) 13463-67-7	50 – 75	Not classified
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	(CAS-No.) 556-67-2	< 3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
			Repr. 2, H361
			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

4.1. **Description of First-aid Measures**

F: 1 . 1 . 1 . 1		11 1	•	
First-aid Measures General	Never give anything by n	nouth to an	Linconscious person	It vol

feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where

possible).

First-aid Measures After When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate

Inhalation suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty

persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin

Contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with

water for at least 5 minutes. If exposed or concerned: Get

medical advice/attention.

First-aid Measures After Eye

Contact

Rinse cautiously with water for at least 5 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical

Inaestion attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Symptoms/Injuries After

First-aid Measures After

Inhalation

Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. Titanium dioxide is bound in the liquid matrix of the product, and not expected to be available for exposure under normal conditions of use or foreseeable emergencies. If dried and respirable dust is created: repeated or prolonged exposure to titanium dioxide dust via inhalation is suspected of causing cancer of the

respiratory tract.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin

Contact

Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

03/21/2023 EN (English US) According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulation

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye

Contact

May cause slight irritation to eyes.

Symptoms/Injuries After

Ingestion

Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed 4.3. If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have

product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media 5.1.

Suitable Extinguishing Media : Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO₂), alcohol-resistant foam,

or dry chemical.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media : Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water

may spread fire. Application of water stream to hot product

may cause frothing and increase fire intensity.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard Product is not explosive.

Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions. Reactivity

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire

Firefighting Instructions

Protection During Firefighting

Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment,

including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion

Products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Formaldehyde. Oxides of titanium.

Silicon oxides.

Other Information Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures

General Measures Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe

vapor, mist or spray.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective Equipment Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures Ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is

expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions

permit.

Environmental Precautions 6.2.

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

03/21/2023 EN (English US) 3/10

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration

and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely.

Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities

after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling And Storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Will decompose above 150 °C (> 300 °F) releasing

Processed formaldehyde vapors.

Precautions for Safe Handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all

safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do NOT breathe vapor, mist, or spray. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving

work.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions Keep container closed when not in use. Keep/Store away from

extremely high or low temperatures, ignition sources, direct sunlight, incompatible materials. Store in a dry, cool place.

Store locked up/in a secure area.

Incompatible Materials Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

7.3. Specific End Use(s) For professional use only

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), or OSHA (PEL).

Titanium diox	kide (13463-67-7)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA	2.4 mg/m³ (CIB 63-fine)
		0.3 mg/m³ (CIB 63-ultrafine, including engineered
		nanoscale)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA	15 ma/m³ (total dust)

03/21/2023 EN (English US) 4/10

8.2. **Exposure Controls**

Appropriate Engineering Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Controls Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Suitable

of any potential exposure.

Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing. Insufficient Personal Protective Equipment

ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









eye/body wash equipment should be available in the vicinity

Materials For Protective

Clothing

Hand Protection Eve And Face Protection Skin And Body Protection

Respiratory Protection

Environmental Exposure

Controls

Other Information

Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Wear protective gloves. Chemical safety goggles.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved

respiratory protection.

Do not allow the product to be released into the environment.

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance White paste Odor Odorless

Odor Threshold No data available No data available Hq **Evaporation Rate** No data available Melting Point No data available

Freezing Point No data available **Boiling Point** No data available Flash Point > 135 °C (275 °F) **Auto-ignition Temperature** No data available **Decomposition Temperature** No data available Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable Vapor Pressure No data available Relative Vapor Density at 20°C No data available Relative Density No data available

Specific Gravity > 1

Solubility No data available Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Water No data available Viscosity No data available

9.2. Other Information

VOC Content < 1 %

03/21/2023 EN (English US)

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition may produce: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Oxides of titanium. Silicon oxides. Will decompose above 150 °C (>300° F) releasing formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

1	1.1	. Inforn	nation o	on Tox	cicolog	iical	Effects
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Acute Toxicity (Oral)	Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Dermal)	Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)	Not classified

NOI Classified
> 10000 mg/kg
5.09 mg/l/4h
556-67-2)
> 4800 mg/kg (No mortality)
> 2375 mg/kg
> 2.5 ml/kg (No mortality)
36 mg/l/4h
Not classified
2B
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Not classified
Not classified
Not classified

03/21/2023 EN (English US) 6/10

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Symptoms/Injuries After
Inhalation

Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. Titanium dioxide is bound in the liquid matrix of the product, and not expected to be available for exposure under normal conditions of use or foreseeable emergencies. If dried and respirable dust is created: repeated or prolonged exposure to titanium dioxide dust via inhalation is suspected of causing cancer of the

respiratory tract.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin

Contact

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye

Contact

Symptoms/Injuries After

Ingestion

Chronic Symptoms

Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

May cause slight irritation to eyes.

Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)	
LC50 Fish	> 1000 ml/l (Exposure Time: 96h - Species: Pimephales promelas
	(static)
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (5	56-67-2)
LC50 Fish	> 22 µg/l
NOEC Chronic Fish	0.0044 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

MED-4502-1	
Persistence and Degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

MED-4502-1	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (5	556-67-2)
BCF Fish	12400
Partition coefficient n-	5.1
octanol/water (Log Pow)	

12.4. Mobility In Soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,

Recommendations regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to

observe all precautions.

03/21/2023 EN (English US) 7/10

Ecology - Waste Materials This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep

out of sewers and waterways. Avoid release to the

environment.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane)

Hazard Class 9

Identification Number UN3082

Label Codes 9
Packing Group III

Marine Pollutant Marine pollutant

ERG Number 171

14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane)

Hazard Class 9

Identification Number UN3082

Packing Group III
Label Codes 9
EmS-No. (Fire) F-A
EmS-No. (Spillage) S-F

Marine Pollutant Marine pollutant

14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane)

Packing Group III

Identification Number UN3082

Hazard Class 9 Label Codes 9 ERG Code (IATA) 9L



SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

MED-4502-1
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity

15.2. US State Regulations

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

03/21/2023 EN (English US) 8/10

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

U.S California - Proposition 65 -	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the
Carcinogens List	State of California to cause cancer.

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List

RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs

U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs

U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (8 hr)

U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs

U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (30 min)

U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs

U.S. - Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminant Carcinogens

U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs

U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs

U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs

U.S. - Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour

U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour

U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual

U.S. - Minnesota - Chemicals of High Concern

U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2)

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

U.S. - Maine - Chemicals of Concern

U.S. - Oregon - Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier I - Persistent Pollutants

U.S. - Minnesota - Chemicals of High Concern

U.S. - Minnesota - Chemicals of High Concern - Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxins

U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups

SECTION 16: Other Information, Including Date of Preparation or Last Revision

Date of Preparation or Latest 03/21/2023

Revision

Other Information This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS

requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29

CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

03/21/2023 EN (English US) 9/10

MED-4502-1

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

NFPA Health Hazard 1 - Materials that, under emergency

conditions, can cause significant irritation.

NFPA Fire Hazard 1 - Materials that must be preheated

before ignition can occur.

NFPA Reactivity Hazard 0 - Material that in themselves are

normally stable, even under fire

conditions.

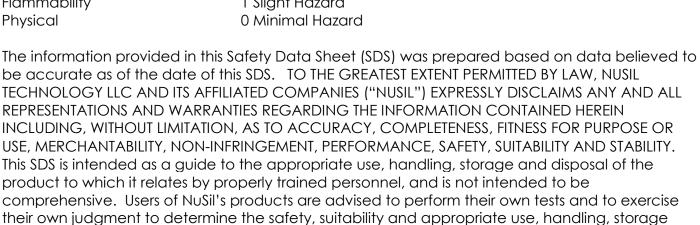
HMIS III Ratina

Health 1 Slight Hazard

* Chronic - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from

repeated overexposure

1 Slight Hazard Flammability



and disposal of each product and product combination for their own purposes and uses. TO THE

GREATEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, NUSIL DISCLAIMS LIABILITY FOR, AND BY USING NUSIL'S PRODUCTS PURCHASER AGREES THAT UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL NUSIL BE LIABLE FOR, SPECIAL, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OF ANY TYPE OR KIND, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, FOR LOSS OF PROFITS, REPUTATIONAL DAMAGE, PRODUCT

Nusil US GHS SDS

RECALL OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION.

03/21/2023 EN (English US)

