



Version: 2.0

# **SECTION 1: Identification**

### 1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form Product Name Synonyms Mixture MED-166 Silicone Primer

### 1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Use of the Substance/Mixture For professional use only.

1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane Carpinteria, California 93013 USA (805) 684-8780 <u>ehs@nusil.com</u> www.nusil.com

### 1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International<br/>and Maritime)

# **SECTION 2: Hazards Identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

### **GHS-US Classification**

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Eye Dam. 1 H318 STOT SE 3 H336 Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

### 2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US)	Danger
Hazard Statements (GHS-US)	H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor
	H318 - Causes serious eye damage
	H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Precautionary Statements (GHS-	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames
US)	and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
	P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.
	P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating
	equipment.
	P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
	P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER, a doctor. P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry extinguishing powder, alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish. P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

### 2.3. Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

### 2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/Information On Ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product Identifier	%	GHS-US Classification
Isopropyl alcohol	(CAS-No.) 67-63-0	70 - 90	Flam. Liq. 2, H225
			Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
			STOT SE 3, H336
1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt	(CAS-No.) 5593-70-4	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
			Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
			STOT SE 3, H336
			STOT SE 3, H335
Platinum Catalyst	(CAS-No.) 68478-92-2	< 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
			STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

# **SECTION 4: First Aid Measures**

### 4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you
	feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid Measures After	When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate
Inhalation	suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.
First-aid Measures After Skin	Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately
Contact	drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain
First sid Massimum After Firs	medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
First-aid Measures After Eye	Immediately rinse with water for at least 30 minutes. Remove
Contact	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid Measures After	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical
Ingestion	attention.
•	
	ns and Effects Both Acute and Delayed
Symptoms/Injuries	Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Symptoms/Injuries After	High concentrations may cause central nervous system
Inhalation	depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness,
	headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin	Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.
Contact	
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye	Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.
Contact	
Symptoms/Injuries After	Ingestion may cause adverse effects.
Ingestion	
Chronic Symptoms	Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause irritation.
4.3. Indication of Any Immed	liate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

**4.3.** Indication of Any immediate Medical Attention and Special Ireatment Needed If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

### **SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media	: Water spray, fog, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), dry chemical powder.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	: Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.
5.2. Special Hazards Arising	From the Substance or Mixture
Fire Hazard	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapors.
Explosion Hazard	May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture. Heating will cause rise in pressure with risk of bursting.
Reactivity	Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion. Hydrolysis in water.

### 5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire Firefighting Instructions	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire	
	remotely due to the risk of explosion.	
Protection During Firefighting	Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.	
Hazardous Combustion Products	Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ). Silicon oxides. Oxides of titanium.	
SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures		

# 6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures

General Measures	Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.
6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Person	nel
Protective Equipment	Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).
Emergency Procedures	Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective Equipment	Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency Procedures	Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to
	recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself
	and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of
	trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.
	Eliminate ignition sources.

#### 6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

### 6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment	Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.
Methods for Cleaning Up	Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Use only non-sparking tools. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

### 6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

### **SECTION 7: Handling And Storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors
Processed	are flammable.

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Precautions for Safe Handling	Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
7.2. Conditions for Safe Storag	ge, Including Any Incompatibilities
Technical Measures	Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.
Storage Conditions	Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area. Store in a well- ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place.
Incompatible Materials	Strong oxidizers. Strong acids. Acid anhydrides. Alkali metals. Alkaline earth metals. Attacks some forms of plastics, rubber, and coatings.
7.3. Specific End Use(s)	

For professional use only.

### SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### 8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), or OSHA (PEL).

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	400 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human
		Carcinogen
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	40 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek (background, nonspecific)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	980 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	400 ppm

#### 8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Personal Protective Equipment

Materials For Protective Clothing Hand Protection Eye And Face Protection Skin And Body Protection Respiratory Protection Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

respiratory protection.

Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Wear protective gloves. Chemical safety goggles. Wear suitable protective clothing. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved

Other Information

### SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

### 9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State		Liquid
Appearance		Colorless
Odor		Alcohol
Odor Threshold		No data available
рН		No data available
Evaporation Rate		No data available
Melting Point		No data available
Freezing Point		No data available
Boiling Point		82 °C (180 °F)
Flash Point		12 °C (53 °F)
Auto-ignition Temperature		No data available
Decomposition Temperature		No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)		Not applicable
Vapor Pressure		No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C		No data available
Relative Density		< 1 (water = 1)
Solubility		No data available
Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Wo	ater	No data available
Viscosity		No data available
9.2. Other Information		
VOC Content	70 - 90 %	

# **SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion. Hydrolysis in water.

### 10.2. Chemical Stability

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

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### 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

#### 10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizers. Strong acids. Acid anhydrides. Alkali metals. Alkaline earth metals. Attacks some forms of plastics, rubber, and coatings.

#### 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition may produce: Hydrocarbons. Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>).

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological Information**

### 11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral)	: Not classified	
Acute Toxicity (Dermal)	: Not classified	
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)	: Not classified	
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)		
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	12956 mg/kg (16.4 mL/kg bw)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	72600 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)	
1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt (5593-70-4)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Not classified	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	Causes serious eye damage.	
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	Not classified	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	Not classified	
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)		
IARC Group	3	
Reproductive Toxicity	: Not classified	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Si	ngle Exposure) : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Re		
Aspiration Hazard	Not classified	
Symptoms/Injuries After	High concentrations may cause central nervous system	
Inhalation	depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness,	
	headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.	
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin	Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.	
Contact		
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye	Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.	
Contact		
Symptoms/Injuries After	Ingestion may cause adverse effects.	
Ingestion		
Chronic Symptoms	Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause irritation.	

### **SECTION 12: Ecological Information**

12.1. Toxicity		
Ecology - General	Not classified.	
Isopropyl alcohol (67-	-63-0)	
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LC50 Fish 1	9440 mg/l/Exposure time: 94 h Species: Pimerhales promotes
	9640 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	13299 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
•	
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 1	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)
LC50 Fish 2	11130 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales
	promelas [static])
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 2	
	subspicatus)
1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt (5593	-70-4)
EC50 Daphnia 1	680 mg/l
12.2. Persistence and Degrad	ability
MED-166	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.
12.3. Bioaccumulative Potent	al
MED-166	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
Log Pow	0.05 (at 25 °C)
12.4. Mobility In Soil	
No additional information availal	ble

#### 12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information

Avoid release to the environment.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,
Recommendations	regional, national, and international regulations.
Additional Information	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors
	are flammable.
Ecology - Waste Materials	Avoid release to the environment.

### **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance	with DOT	
Proper Shipping Name	ISOPROPANOL Solution	
Hazard Class	3	JAK I
Identification Number	UN1219	PLANHABLE LIQUE
Label Codes	3	3
Packing Group	II	
ERG Number	129	
14.2. In Accordance	with IMDG	
Proper Shipping Name	ISOPROPANOL (ISOPROP	YL ALCOHOL) Solution
Hazard Class	3	

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Identification Number Packing Group Label Codes	UN1219 II 3	
EmS-No. (Fire) EmS-No. (Spillage)	F-E S-D	×
MFAG Number	129	
14.3. In Accordance	with IATA	
Proper Shipping Name	ISOPROPANOL Solution	•
Packing Group	II	Je
Identification Number	UN1219	<▝〉
Hazard Class	3	3
Label Codes	3	
ERG Code (IATA)	3L	

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory Information**

### 15.1. US Federal Regulations

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

MED-166	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated
Classes	exposure)
	Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
Subject to reporting requirement	ts of United States SARA Section 313
SARA Section 313 - Emission	1 % (only if manufactured by the strong acid process, no supplier
Reporting	notification)

### 15.2. US State Regulations

lsopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Acute
- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Chronic
- U.S. California Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)
- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (30 min)
- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (8 hr)
- U.S. Connecticut Volatile Substances
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Emission Levels (ELs)
- U.S. Idaho Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- RTK U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Massachusetts Toxics Use Reduction Act
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour

U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual

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U.S. - New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances U.S. - New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 1-Hour U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour U.S. - Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Rhode Island - Air Toxics - Acceptable Ambient Levels - 1-Hour U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Texas - City of Austin - Aerosol Paint and Glue Restrictions U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs 1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt (5593-70-4) U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

### SECTION 16: Other Information, Including Date of Preparation or Last Revision

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision	02/17/2020
Other Information	This document has been prepared in accordance with
	the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard
	Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

	·
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness

NFPA Health Hazard	3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or
NFPA Fire Hazard	permanent injury. 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient
NFPA Reactivity Hazard	temperature conditions. 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.
HMIS III Rating	
Health	3 Serious Hazard
Flammability	3 Serious Hazard
Physical	0 Minimal Hazard

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