MED10-4161





Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision Date:: 07/14/2021 Date of Issue: 04/20/2015

Version 3.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form Mixture
Product Name MED10-4161
Synonyms Silicone Dispersion

1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Use of the Substance/Mixture For professional use only

Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane

Carpinteria, California 93013

USA

(805) 684-8780 ehs@nusil.com www.nusil.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International

Number and Maritime)

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture GHS-US Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 H226
Skin Irrit. 2 H315
Eye Irrit. 2A H319
Skin Sens. 1 H317
Repr. 2 H361
STOT SE 3 H336
Asp. Tox. 1 H304
Aquatic Acute 2 H401

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)







GHS02

GHS08

Signal Word (GHS-US)

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

Danger

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

07/14/2021 EN (English US) 1/16

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H401 - Toxic to aquatic life

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 - Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapors.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves, face protection.

P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P312 - Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS).

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

07/14/2021 EN (English US) 2/16

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information On Ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product Identifier	%	GHS-US Classification
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS-No.) 1330-20-7	30 - 50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
			Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312
			Acute Tox. 4
			(Inhalation:vapor), H332
			Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
			STOT SE 3, H336
			Asp. Tox. 1, H304
			Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Alkanes, C10-13-iso-	(CAS-No.) 68551-17-7	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
			Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Isopropyl alcohol	(CAS-No.) 67-63-0	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225
			Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
			STOT SE 3, H336
Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane	(CAS-No.) 2530-83-8	< 3	Eye Dam. 1, H318
			Aquatic Acute 3, H402
N-[3-(TrimethoxysilyI)propyI]-1,2-	(CAS-No.) 1760-24-3	< 1	Acute Tox. 4
ethanediamine			(Inhalation:dust,mist), H332
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
			Skin Sens. 1, H317
			Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	(CAS-No.) 556-67-2	< 1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
			Repr. 2, H361
			Aquatic Chronic 4, H413

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

Contact

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid Measures After	When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate
Inhalation	suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty

persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected

area with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Immediately

call a poison center or doctor/physician.

07/14/2021 EN (English US) 3/16

Contact

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

First-aid Measures After Eye Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove

Contact contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid Measures After Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a

Ingestion POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries Skin sensitization. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye

irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Suspected of damaging fertility

or the unborn child.

Symptoms/Injuries After High concentrations may cause central nervous system

Inhalation depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness,

headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin May cause an allergic skin reaction. Redness, pain, swelling,

Contact itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the

conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting

Ingestion and may cause lung injury.

Chronic Symptoms Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media : Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide

(CO₂). Water may be ineffective but water should be used to

keep fire-exposed container cool.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media : Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may

spread burning liquid.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard Flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion Hazard May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

Reactivity Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or

explosion.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions

Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case

of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire

remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment,

including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Silicon oxides. Formaldehyde.

Products Hydrocarbons.

Other Information Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

07/14/2021 EN (English US) 4/16

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures

General Measures Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Avoid all contact with skin,

eyes, or clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use

special care to avoid static electric charges.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Emergency Procedures Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective Equipment Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to

recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Eliminate

ignition sources first, then ventilate the area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration

and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all

directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely.

Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Use only non-sparking tools. Contact competent authorities after a

spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling And Storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors

Processed are flammable.

Precautions for Safe Handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all

safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard. Wash hands and other

exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating,

drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

procedures.

07/14/2021 EN (English US) 5/16

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent

static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and

lighting equipment.

Storage Conditions Keep in fireproof place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight,

extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in a dry, cool place. Store locked up/in a secure area. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container

tightly closed.

Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

7.3. Specific End Use(S)

For professional use only.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), or OSHA (PEL).

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	400 ppm	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human	
		Carcinogen	
USA ACGIH	BEI (BLV)	40 mg/l Parameter: Acetone -	
		Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of	
		shift at end of workweek	
		(background, nonspecific)	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	980 mg/m³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	400 ppm	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- is	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human	
		Carcinogen	
USA ACGIH	BEI (BLV)	1.5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter:	
		Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine -	
		Sampling time: end of shift	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm	

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment.

07/14/2021 EN (English US) 6/16

Personal Protective Equipment

Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









Materials For Protective

Clothing

Hand Protection
Eye And Face Protection

Skin And Body Protection

Respiratory Protection

Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame

resistant/retardant clothing. Wear protective gloves.

Chemical safety goggles.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved

respiratory protection.

Other Information When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Liquid
Appearance Colorless
Odor Solvent

Odor Threshold

PH

No data available

Auto-ignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Flammability (solid, gas)

Vapor Pressure

Relative Vapor Density at 20°C

Relative Density

No data available

Specific Gravity < 1

Solubility

Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Water

Viscosity

No data available

No data available

No data available

9.2. Other Information

VOC Content 60 – 70 %

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

07/14/2021 EN (English US) 7/16

10.2. Chemical Stability

Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Will decompose above 150 °C (>300° F) releasing formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral) : Not classified Acute Toxicity (Dermal) : Not classified Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) : Not classified

Alkanes, C10-13-iso- (68551-17-7)		
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg	
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)		
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	12956 mg/kg (16.4 mL/kg bw)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 10000 ppm (Exposure time: 6 h)	
Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane	(2530-83-8)	
LD50 Oral Rat	8025 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	4250 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5.3 mg/l/4h	
N-[3-(TrimethoxysilyI)propyl]-1,2-e	thanediamine (1760-24-3)	
LD50 Oral Rat	2295 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	1.49 – 2.44 mg/l/4h	
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 4800 mg/kg (No mortality)	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2375 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2.5 ml/kg (No mortality)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	36 mg/l/4h	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	3523 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	6247 ppm/4h (species: Sprague-Dawley)	
ATE (Dermal)	1,100.00 mg/kg body weight	
ATE (Vapors)	11.00 mg/l/4h	

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Not classified

Not classified

07/14/2021 EN (English US) 8/16

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
IARC Group	3
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
IARC Group	3

Reproductive Toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn

child

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Exposure)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated : Not classified

Exposure)

Aspiration Hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms/Injuries After High concentrations may cause central nervous system

Inhalation depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness,

headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin May cause an allergic skin reaction. Redness, pain, swelling,

Contact itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of

Contact the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting

Ingestion and may cause lung injury.

Chronic Symptoms Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General Toxic to aquatic life. Ecology - water Toxic to aquatic life.

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)			
LC50 Fish 1	9640 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas		
	[flow-through])		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	13299 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Desmodesmus		
1	subspicatus)		
LC50 Fish 2	11130 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas		
	[static])		
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Desmodesmus		
2	subspicatus)		
Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane	Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane (2530-83-8)		
LC50 Fish 1	55 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio)		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	710 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
ErC50 (Algae)	350 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchnerella		
	subcapitata)		
NOEC Chronic Crustacea	100 mg/l		
N-[3-(TrimethoxysilyI)propyI]-1,2-ethanediamine (1760-24-3)			
LC50 Fish 1	597 mg/l (Species: Danio rerio)		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	81 mg/l		
ErC50 (Algae)	8.8 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella		
	subcapitata)		
NOEC Chronic Fish	344 mg/l		

07/14/2021 EN (English US) 9/16

MED10-4161

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

NOEC Chronic Crustacea	35 mg/l		
NOEC Chronic Algae	3.1 mg/l (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata Exposure time: 96h)		
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (5	Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2)		
LC50 Fish 1	> 500 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio)		
LC50 Fish 2	> 1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus)		
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)			
LC50 Fish 1	3.3 mg/l		
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)		
LC50 Fish 2	2.661 (2.661 – 4.093) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species:		
	Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])		

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

MED10-4161	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

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MED10-4161	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
Partition coefficient n-	0.05 (at 25 °C)
octanol/water (Log Pow)	
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2)	
BCF Fish 1	12400
Partition coefficient n-	5.1
octanol/water (Log Pow)	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
BCF Fish 1	0.6 (0.6 – 15)
Partition coefficient n-	2.77 – 3.15
octanol/water (Log Pow)	

12.4. Mobility In Soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, Recommendations regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international

regulations.

Additional Information Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors

are flammable.

Ecology - Waste Materials Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to

the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

07/14/2021 EN (English US) 10/16

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. (CONTAINS XYLENE, ISOPROPANOL)

Hazard Class 3

Identification Number UN1993

Label Codes 3
Packing Group III
ERG Number 128

14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS XYLENE, ISOPROPANOL)

Hazard Class 3

Identification Number UN1993

Packing Group III
Label Codes 3
EmS-No. (Fire) F-E
EmS-No. (Spillage) S-E
MFAG Number 130



14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS XYLENE, ISOPROPANOL)

Packing Group III

Identification Number UN1993

Hazard Class 3 Label Codes 3 ERG Code (IATA) 3L



SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

MED10-4161		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard	Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)	
Classes	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation	
	Health hazard - Respiratory or skin sensitization	
	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation	
	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated	
	exposure)	
	Health hazard - Aspiration hazard	
	Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity	
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
SARA Section 313 - Emission	1 % (only if manufactured by the strong acid process, no supplier	
Reporting	notification)	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ	100 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission	1 %	
Reporting		

07/14/2021 EN (English US) 11/16

15.2. US State Regulations

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens	WARNING: This product contains chemicals
List	known to the State of California to cause
	cancer.
Alkanes, C10-13-iso- (68551-17-7)	
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term	
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term	

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

- RTK U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- RTK U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Special Health Hazards Substances List
- U.S. New Jersey Environmental Hazardous Substances List
- U.S. California Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Massachusetts Toxics Use Reduction Act
- U.S. Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (8 hr)
- U.S. Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (30 min)
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Emission Levels (ELs)
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
- U.S. New York Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Connecticut Volatile Substances
- U.S. New Jersey Discharge Prevention List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Acute
- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Chronic
- U.S. Texas City of Austin Aerosol Paint and Glue Restrictions
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 1-Hour
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 8-Hour
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels 1-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) Annual
- U.S. California Safer Consumer Products Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups

Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane (2530-83-8)

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term

07/14/2021 EN (English US) 12/16

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

N-[3-(TrimethoxysilyI)propyI]-1,2-ethanediamine (1760-24-3)

- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2)

- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- U.S. Maine Chemicals of Concern
- U.S. Oregon Priority Persistent Pollutant Tier I Persistent Pollutants
- U.S. Minnesota Chemicals of High Concern
- U.S. Minnesota Chemicals of High Concern Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxins
- U.S. California Safer Consumer Products Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)

- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Acute
- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Chronic
- U.S. California Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)
- U.S. Colorado Groundwater Quality Standards
- U.S. Colorado Hazardous Wastes Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
- U.S. Colorado Primary Drinking Water Regulations Maximum Contaminant Level Goals (MCLGs)
- U.S. Colorado Primary Drinking Water Regulations Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Connecticut Drinking Water Quality Standards Maximum Contaminant Levels
- U.S. Delaware Pollutant Discharge Requirements Reportable Quantities
- U.S. Florida Drinking Water Standards Volatile Organic Contaminants Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Georgia Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Emission Levels (ELs)
- U.S. Idaho Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Illinois Toxic Air Contaminants
- U.S. Louisiana Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants
- U.S. Maine Air Pollutants Hazardous Air Pollutants
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Ambient Limits (AALs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Threshold Concentrations (ATCs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Reportable Quantity
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- RTK U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Massachusetts Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TELs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Toxics Use Reduction Act
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits STELs

07/14/2021 EN (English US) 13/16

- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Michigan Polluting Materials List
- U.S. Minnesota Chemicals of High Concern
- U.S. Minnesota Groundwater Health Risk Limits
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Missouri Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Nebraska Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. New Hampshire Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) Annual
- U.S. New Jersey Discharge Prevention List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. New Jersey Environmental Hazardous Substances List
- U.S. New Jersey Primary Drinking Water Standards Maximum Contaminant Levels MCLs
- RTK U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Special Health Hazards Substances List
- U.S. New Jersey Water Quality Ground Water Quality Criteria
- U.S. New Jersey Water Quality Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs)
- U.S. New Mexico Water Quality Standards for Ground Water of 10,000 mg/L TDS Concentration or Less
- U.S. New York Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. New York Reporting of Releases Part 597 List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. North Carolina Control of Toxic Air Pollutants
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 1-Hour
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 8-Hour
- U.S. North Dakota Hazardous Wastes Discarded Chemical Products, Off-Specification Species, Container and Spill Residues
- U.S. North Dakota Water Quality Standards Human Health Value for Classes I, IA, II
- U.S. Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. California Safer Consumer Products Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups
- U.S. Pennsylvania Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels 1-Hour
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels 24-Hour
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels Annual
- U.S. Rhode Island Water Quality Standards Acute Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- All concentrations are expressed as percentages by weight unless the ingredient is a gas.
- U.S. South Carolina Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. South Carolina Toxic Air Pollutants Maximum Allowable Concentrations
- U.S. South Carolina Toxic Air Pollutants Pollutant Categories
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Texas City of Austin Aerosol Paint and Glue Restrictions
- U.S. Texas Drinking Water Standards Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- U.S. Utah Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)
- U.S. Washington Dangerous Waste Discarded Chemical Products List

07/14/2021 EN (English US) 14/10

- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. West Virginia Water Quality Groundwater Standards Ceiling Concentrations
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet

SECTION 16: Other Information, Including Date of Preparation or Last Revision

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision
Other Information

07/14/2021

This document has been prepared in accordance with

the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
(Inhalation:dust,mist)	
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapor)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard
	Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard
	Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard
	Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled

07/14/2021 EN (English US) 15/16

MED10-4161

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

NFPA Health Hazard 2 - Materials that, under emergency

conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA Fire Hazard 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely

divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient

temperature conditions.

NFPA Reactivity Hazard 0 - Material that in themselves are

normally stable, even under fire

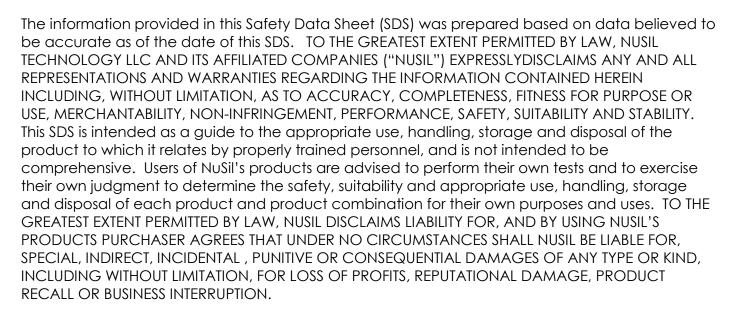
conditions.

HMIS III Rating

Health 2 Moderate Hazard

* Chronic

Flammability 3 Serious Hazard
Physical 0 Minimal Hazard



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07/14/2021 EN (English US) 16/16