

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision Date: 10/21/2022 Date of Issue: 05/28/2014





Version: 3.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form Product Name Synonyms Mixture CV2-1147 Silicone Dispersion

1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Use of the Substance/Mixture For professional use only.

1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane Carpinteria, California 93013 USA (805) 684-8780 productstewardship@avantorsciencesgcc.com www.nusil.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International
and Maritime)

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification

Flam. Liq. 2	H225
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Irrit. 2	H319
Skin Sens. 1	H317
STOT RE 2	H373
Asp. Tox. 1	H304
Aquatic Acute 3	H402
Full toxt of bazard	classes and Histatements; see secti

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16 2.2. Label Elements

2.2. Label Element GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US) Hazard Statements (GHS-US) Danger

GH300

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or
- repeated exposure
- H402 Harmful to aquatic life

Safety Data Sheet According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulation:

Precautionary Statements (GHS-P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. US) P233 - Keep container tightly closed. P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment. P242 - Use only non-sparking tools. P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapors. P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handlina. P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves, face shield. P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsina. P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS). P331 - Do NOT induce vomitina. P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical to extinguish. P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. 2.3. Other Hazards Other Hazards Not Contributing Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory

to the Classification conditions. 2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information On Ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product Identifier	%	GHS-US Classification
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic	(CAS-No.) 64742-89-8	15 - 40	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N- (trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica	(CAS-No.) 68909-20-6	< 10	Not classified
2-Butanone, O,O',O''- (methylsilylidyne)trioxime	(CAS-No.) 22984-54-9	< 10	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT RE 2, H373
1-Propanamine, 3-(triethoxysilyl)-	(CAS-No.) 919-30-2	< 3	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317
N-[3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-1,2- ethanediamine	(CAS-No.) 1760-24-3	< 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation: dust, mist), H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Dibutyltin dilaurate	(CAS-No.) 77-58-7	< 0.1	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200].

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid Measures After	When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate
Inhalation	suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.
First-aid Measures After Skin	Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately
Contact	drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation/rash develops or persists.
First-aid Measures After Eye	Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove
Contact	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

Safety Data Sheet According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

First-aid Measures After Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
4.2. Most Important Symptom	is and Effects Both Acute and Delayed
Symptoms/Injuries	Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Skin sensitization. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation	Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact	Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact	Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.
Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion	Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.
Chronic Symptoms	May cause damage to organs (blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media	: Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO ₂), alcohol-resistant foam, or dry chemical.		
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	: Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid. Application of water stream to hot product may cause frothing and increase fire intensity.		
5.2. Special Hazards Arising F	rom the Substance or Mixture		
Fire Hazard	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.		
Explosion Hazard	May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.		
Reactivity	Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.		
5.3. Advice for Firefighters			
Precautionary Measures Fire	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.		
Firefighting Instructions	Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.		
Protection During Firefighting	Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.		
Hazardous Combustion	Silicon oxides. Carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Hydrocarbons.		
Products	Nitrogen oxides.		
Other Information	Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water courses.		

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures

General Measures	Avoid breathing (vapor, mist, spray). Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.	
6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel		
Protective Equipment	Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).	
Emergency Procedures	Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.	
6.1.2. For emergency responders		
Protective Equipment	Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.	
Emergency Procedures	Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources.	
6.2. Environmental Precaution	S	
Prevent entry to sewers and public	waters. Avoid release to the environment.	
6.3. Methods and Materials for	r Containment and Cleaning Up	
For Containment	Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.	
Methods for Cleaning Up	Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Use only non-sparking tools. Contact competent authorities after a	

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

spill.

SECTION 7: Handling And Storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
Precautions for Safe Handling	Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Safety Data Sheet According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures	Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent
rechnical measures	
	static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving
	equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and
	lighting equipment.
Storage Conditions	Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight,
	extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible
	materials. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container
	tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place. Store locked up/in a
	secure area.
Incompatible Materials	Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.
•	Shong delas, shong bases, shong oxidizers.
7.3. Specific End Use(s)	

For professional use only.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. **Control Parameters**

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), or OSHA (PEL).

Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica (68909-20-6)				
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	6 mg/m³		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	20 mppcf (80 mg/m ³ /%SiO ₂)		
Tin organic compounds				
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³		
USA ACGIH ACGIH chemical category USA OSHA OSHA OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)		Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route, Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen		
		0.1 mg/m ³		

8.2. **Exposure Controls**

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Personal Protective Equipment

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials For Protective		Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame
Clothing		resistant/retardant clothing.
Hand Protection		Wear protective gloves.
Eye And Face Protection		Chemical safety goggles.
Skin And Body Protection		Wear suitable protective clothing.
10/21/2022	EN (English US)	

Respiratory Protection	If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.
Other Information	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State		Liquid
Appearance		Clear
Odor		Solvent
Odor Threshold		No data available
рН		No data available
Evaporation Rate		No data available
Melting Point		No data available
Freezing Point		No data available
Boiling Point		No data available
Flash Point		5 - 15 °C (41 - 59 °F)
Auto-ignition Temperature		No data available
Decomposition Temperature		No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)		Not applicable
Vapor Pressure		No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C		No data available
Relative Density		1.15 - 1.17
Solubility		No data available
Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Wo	ater	No data available
Viscosity		No data available
9.2. Other Information		
VOC Content	30 - 50%	

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Not expected to decompose under ambient conditions. Thermal decomposition may produce: Silicon oxides. Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Hydrocarbons. Nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral)	: Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Dermal)	: Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)	: Not classified
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, ligh	1t aliphatic (64742-89-8)
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	3000 mg/kg
2-Butanone, O,O',O''-(methylsilyli	idyne)trioxime (22984-54-9)
LD50 Oral Rat	2463 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
1-Propanamine, 3-(triethoxysilyl)-	_ (919-30-2)
LD50 Oral Rat	1570 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	4290 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 7.35 mg/l/4h
N-[3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-1,2-e	ethanediamine (1760-24-3)
LD50 Oral Rat	2295 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 1.49 mg/l/4h
ATE (Dust/Mist)	1.50 mg/l/4h
Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2 g/kg
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Not classified
Carcinogenicity	Not classified
Reproductive Toxicity	: Not classified
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Si	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (R	epeated Exposure) : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration Hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation	Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin	Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and
Contact	dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye	Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of
Contact	the conjunctiva.
Symptoms/Injuries After	Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting
Ingestion	and may cause lung injury.
Chronic Symptoms	May cause damage to organs (blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - C	Seneral
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Harmful to aquatic life.

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

	lidyne)trioxime (22984-54-9)
EC50 Daphnia 1	120 mg/l (Exposure time: 48h - Species: Daphnia magna)
1-Propanamine, 3-(triethoxysilyl)	
LC50 Fish 1	934 mg/l (Danio rerio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	331 mg/l
ErC50 (Algae)	1000 mg/l (Scenedesmus subspicatus)
NOEC Chronic Fish	934 mg/l (Danio rerio)
NOEC Chronic Crustacea	94 mg/l (Daphnia magna)
N-[3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-1,2-6	
LC50 Fish 1	597 mg/l (Species: Danio rerio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	81 mg/l
ErC50 (Algae)	8.8 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella
	subcapitata)
NOEC Chronic Fish	344 mg/l
NOEC Chronic Crustacea	35 mg/l
NOEC Chronic Algae	3.1 mg/l (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata Exposure time: 96h)
Dibutyltin dilaurate (77-58-7)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.463 mg/l (Daphnia magna)
2.2. Persistence and Degrad	ability
CV2-1147	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.
2.3. Bioaccumulative Potenti	ial
CV2-1147	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
DibutyItin dilaurate (77-58-7)	
Log Pow	4.44
2.4. Mobility In Soil	
lo additional information availat	ole

Other Information

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,
Recommendations	regional, national, and international regulations.
Additional Information	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
Ecology - Waste Materials	Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Naphtha Solution)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Hazard Class Identification Number Label Codes Packing Group Marine Pollutant ERG Number	3 UN1268 3 II Marine pollutant 128
14.2. In Accordance	with IMDG
Proper Shipping Name	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Naphtha Solution)
Hazard Class	3
Identification Number	UN1268
Packing Group	
Label Codes	3
EmS-No. (Fire)	F-E
EmS-No. (Spillage)	S-E
MFAG Number	128
14.3. In Accordance	with IATA
Proper Shipping Name	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Naphtha Solution)
Packing Group	
Identification Number	UN1268
Hazard Class	3
Label Codes	3
ERG Code (IATA)	3H

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, or are not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

CV2-1147	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
Classes	Health hazard - Respiratory or skin sensitization
	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation
	Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation Health hazard - Aspiration hazard

15.2. US State Regulations

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic (64742-89-8)

U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N-(trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica (68909-20-6)

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

2-Butanone, O,O',O''-(methylsilylidyne)trioxime (22984-54-9)

Safety Data Sheet According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
1-Propanamine, 3-(triethoxysilyl)- (919-30-2)
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
N-[3-(TrimethoxysilyI)propyl]-1,2-ethanediamine (1760-24-3)
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
DibutyItin dilaurate (77-58-7)
U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour
U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual
U.S California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical
Groups
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
Tin organic compounds
U.S Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (30 min)
U.S Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (8 hr)
U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs)
U.S Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
U.S Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
U.S Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
U.S Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour
U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual
U.S New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
U.S New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs U.S North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 1-Hour
U.S North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour
U.S Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
U.S Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
U.S Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
U.S Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - Skin Designations
U.S Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs
U.S Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet
to Less Than 40 Feet
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet
to Less Than 75 Feet
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet
or Greater
U.S Wisconsin - Hazardous Air Contaminants - All Sources - Emissions From Stack Heights Less
Than 25 Feet

SECTION 16: Other Information, Including Date of Preparation or Last Revision

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision Other Information 10/21/2022 This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust, mist) Category 4
(Inhalation:dust,mist)	
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Muta. 2	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2
Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization, category 1B
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H370	Causes damage to organs
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

		-
	H401	Toxic to aquatic life
	H402	Harmful to aquatic life
	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
	Health Hazard	2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.
NFPA	Fire Hazard	3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.
NFPA	Reactivity Hazard	0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.
HMIS	III Rating	
Heal	th	3 Serious Hazard * Chronic
Flam	mability	3 Serious Hazard
Physi	cal	0 Minimal Hazard

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