Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830 Revision date: 29/09/2020 Date of issue: 13/12/2013



Avanto

Version: 4.0

# SECTION 1: Identification of the Substance/mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

## 1.1. Product Identifier

Product form Product Name Synonyms Mixture MED-6670 Part A Silicone Dispersion

# 1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

**1.2.1. Relevant Identified Uses** Use of the Substance/Mixture

For professional use only.

#### 1.2.2. Uses Advised Against

No additional information available

## 1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology Europe 1198 Avenue Maurice Donat Le Natura Bt. 2 06250 Mougins France +33 4 92 96 93 31 ehs@nusil.com www.nusil.com

#### 1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number

- : +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International and Maritime), 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US) +(44)-870-8200418 +(252) 19014(70)
  - +(353)-19014670)

# **SECTION 2: Hazards Identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

#### Classification According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

 Flam. Liq. 3
 H226

 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)
 H302

 Skin Corr. 1B
 H314

 Eye Dam. 1
 H318

 STOT RE 2
 H373

 Asp. Tox. 1
 H304

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

#### 2.2. Label Elements

Labelling According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard Pictograms (CLP)

Signal Word (CLP) Hazardous Ingredients

Danger Silanetriol, ethyl-, triacetate; Reaction mass of ethylbenzene

GHS08

GHS07

GHS02

GHS05

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	and xylene	
Hazard Statements (CLP)	H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.	
	H302 - Harmful if swallowed.	
	H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
	H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
	H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or	
	repeated exposure.	
Precautionary Statements (CLP)	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames	
riecollonary statements (CEr)		
	and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 - Keep container tightly closed.	
	P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.	
	P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting	
	equipment.	
	P242 - Use non-sparking tools.	
	P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.	
	P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray.	
	P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly	
	after handling.	
	P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	
	P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye	
	protection/face protection/hearing protection.	
	P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER	
	or doctor.	
	P301+P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if	
	you feel unwell.	
	P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce	
	vomiting.	
	P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all	
	contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water .	
	P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep	
	comfortable for breathing.	
	P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for	
	several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to	
	do. Continue rinsing.	
	P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.	
	P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.	
	P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this label).	
	P330 - Rinse mouth.	
	P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.	
	P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol	
	foam, or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish.	
	P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.	
	P405 - Store locked up.	
	P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special	
	waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional,	
	national and/or international regulation.	
2.3. Other Hazards		
Other Hazards Not Contributing	Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory	
to the Classification	conditions.	

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# SECTION 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product Identifier	%	Classification According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Silanetriol, ethyl-, triacetate	(CAS-No.) 17689-77-9 (EC-No.) 241-677-4	50 - 70	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	(CAS-No.) Not Applicable (EC-No.) 905-588-0 (REACH-no) 01-2119539452-40	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Isopropyl alcohol	(CAS-No.) 67-63-0 (EC-No.) 200-661-7 (EC Index-No.) 603-117-00-0	< 0,1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: First Aid Measures**

#### 4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-Aid Measures General	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-Aid Measures After Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
First-Aid Measures After Skin Contact	Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-Aid Measures After Eye Contact	Immediately rinse with water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-Aid Measures After Ingestion	Obtain emergency medical attention. Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
4.2. Most Important Symptom	s and Effects Both Acute and Delayed
Symptoms/Effects	Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Symptoms/Effects After Inhalation	May be corrosive to the respiratory tract.

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Symptoms/Effects After Skin Contact	Causes severe irritation which will progress to chemical burns.
Symptoms/Effects After Eye Contact	Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.
Symptoms/Effects After Ingestion	This material is harmful orally and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.
Chronic Symptoms	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### 4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide
	(CO <sub>2</sub> ). Water may be ineffective but water should be used to
	keep fire-exposed container cool.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may
	spread burning liquid.
5.2. Special Hazards Arising	From the Substance or Mixture
Fire Hazard	Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours are heavier than air
	and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and
	flash back to source of vapours.
Explosion Hazard	May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.
Reactivity	Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or
	explosion. May react exothermically with water releasing heat.
	Adding an acid to a base or base to an acid may cause a
	violent reaction.
Hazardous Decomposition	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Silicon oxides. Formaldehyde.
Products in Case of Fire	Hydrocarbons. Silica compounds.
5.3. Advice for Firefighters	, ,
Precautionary Measures Fire	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.
Firefighting Instructions	Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case
	of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire
	remotely due to the risk of explosion.
Protection During Firefighting	
TOTECTION DURING FILEINGENING	Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment,
	including respiratory protection.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures**

#### 6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.

#### 6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

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Emergency Procedures	Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.
6.1.2. For Emergency Responder	S
Protective Equipment	Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency Procedures	Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources.
6.2. Environmental Precautio	
Prevent entry to sewers and publ	
6.3. Methods and Materials f	or Containment and Cleaning Up
For Containment	Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.
Methods For Cleaning Up	Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely.

Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Cautiously neutralize spilled liquid. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Use only non-sparking tools. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

#### **Reference to Other Sections** 6.4.

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

# **SECTION 7: Handling And Storage**

#### 7.1. **Precautions for Safe Handlina**

Additional Hazards When Processed	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapor are flammable. May release corrosive vapors.	Jrs
Precautions for Safe Handling	Do not breathe vapours, spray, mist. Do not get in eyes, on or on clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazar Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.	
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and samprocedures.	fety
7.2. Conditions for Safe Store	age, Including Any Incompatibilities	
Technical Measures	Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receivin equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.	
Storage Conditions	Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sun extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place. Store in original container or corrosive resistant and/or lined container. Store locked up/in a secure area.	-
Incompatible Materials	Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.	
7.3. Specific End Use(S)		
For professional use only.		
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# **SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

#### **Control Parameters** 8.1.

Reaction mass of e	thylbenzene and xylene (Not Applicable	ə)
EU	IOELV TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	, 221 mg/m³ (pure)
EU	IOELV TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
EU	IOELV STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)
EU	IOELV STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
EU	Notes	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin (pure)
Austria	MAK Daily average value (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (all isomers)
Austria	MAK Daily average value (ppm)	50 ppm (all isomers)
Austria	MAK Short time value (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Austria	MAK Short time value (ppm)	100 ppm
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Belgium	Limit value (ppm)	50 ppm
Belgium	Short time value (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Belgium	Short time value (ppm)	100 ppm
Belgium	OEL chemical category (BE)	Skin, Skin notation pure
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	50 ppm
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	100 ppm
Croatia	OEL chemical category (HR)	Skin notation
Croatia	Croatia - BLV	1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: at the end of the work shift (alcohol before exposure to Xylene raises occurrence) 1,5 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: at the end of the work shift (calculated on the average Creatinine value of 1.2 g/L urine)
Cyprus	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Cyprus	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
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Cyprus	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Cyprus	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Cyprus	OEL chemical category (CY)	Skin-potential for cutaneous absorption
Czech Republic	Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Czech Republic	OEL chemical category (CZ)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Czech Republic	Czech Republic - BLV	820 µmol/mmol Creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift 1400 mg/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Denmark	Grænsevædi (8 timer)	
	(mg/m³)	109 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Xylene, all isomers)
Denmark	Grænsevædi (8 timer) (ppm)	25 ppm (Xylene, all isomers)
Estonia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Estonia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Estonia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	450 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Estonia	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Estonia	OEL chemical category (ET)	Skin notation
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m³)	220 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (ppm)	50 ppm
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min)	440 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min) (ppm)	100 ppm
Finland	OEL chemical category (FI)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Finland	Finland - BLV	Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: after the shift
France	VLE (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (restrictive limit)
France	VLE (ppm)	100 ppm (restrictive limit)
France	VME (mg/m³)	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (restrictive limit)
France	VME (ppm)	50 ppm (restrictive limit)
France	OEL chemical category (FR)	Risk of cutaneous absorption
France	France - BLV	1500 mg/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Germany	Occupational exposure limit value (mg/m³)	440 mg/m³ (all isomers)
Germany	Occupational exposure limit value (ppm)	100 ppm (all isomers)
Germany	TRGS 903 Biological limit value	2000 mg/l Parameter: Methylhippuric(tolur-)acid (all isomers) - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (all isomers)
Germany	Chemical category	Skin notation all isomers
Gibraltar	Eight hours mg/m3	221 mg/m³ (pure)
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Gibraltar	Eight hours ppm	50 ppm (pure)
Gibraltar	Short-term mg/m3	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)
Gibraltar	Short-term ppm	100 ppm (pure)
Gibraltar	OEL chemical category (GI)	Skin notation pure
Greece	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Greece	OEL TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
Greece	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	650 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Greece	OEL STEL (mg/m )	150 ppm
Greece	OEL chemical category (GR)	skin - potential for cutaneous
010000		absorption
Hungary	AK-érték	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Hungary	CK-érték	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Hungary	OEL chemical category (HU)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm)	50 ppm
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (ppm)	100 ppm
Ireland	OEL chemical category (IE)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Italy	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)
Italy	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Italy	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)
Italy	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Italy	OEL chemical category (IT)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption pure
Latvia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Latvia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Latvia	OEL chemical category (LV)	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure
Lithuania	IPRV (mg/m³)	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (mixed isomers, pure)
Lithuania	IPRV (ppm)	50 ppm (mixed isomers, pure)
Lithuania	TPRV (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (mixed isomers, pure)
Lithuania	TPRV (ppm)	100 ppm (mixed isomers, pure)
Lithuania	OEL chemical category (LT)	Skin notation
Luxembourg	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Luxembourg	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Luxembourg	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Luxembourg	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Luxembourg	OEL chemical category (LU)	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin
Malta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)
Malta	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Malta	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)
Malta	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Malta	OEL chemical category (MT)	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin pure
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Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 8H (mg/m³)	210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 15MIN (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Norway	Grenseverdier (AN) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	108 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Norway	Grenseverdier (AN) (ppm)	25 ppm
Norway	Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (mg/m3)	135 mg/m³ (value calculated)
Norway	Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (ppm)	37,5 ppm (value calculated)
Norway	OEL chemical category (NO)	Skin notation
Poland	NDS (mg/m³)	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (mixture of isomers)
Poland	NDSCh (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (mixture of isomers)
Portugal	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (indicative limit value)
Portugal	OEL chemical category (PT)	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
Romania	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Romania	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Romania	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)
Romania	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Romania	OEL chemical category (RO)	Skin notation pure
Romania	Romania - BLV	3 g/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (ppm)	50 ppm
Slovakia	NPHV (Hraničná) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Slovakia	OEL chemical category (SK)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Slovakia	Slovakia - BLV	1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: end of exposure or work shift (all isomers) 2000 mg/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of exposure or work shift
Slovenia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Slovenia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Slovenia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Slovenia	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Slovenia	OEL chemical category (SI)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)
Spain	VLA-ED (ppm)	50 ppm (indicative limit value)
Spain	VLA-EC (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Spain	VLA-EC (ppm)	100 ppm
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SpainSpain - BLV1 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium; urine - Sampling time: end of shiftSwedennivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m³)221 mg/m² (Xylene)Swedenkortidsvärde (NVG) (ppm)50 ppm (Xylene)Swedenkortidsvärde (NVG) (ppm)100 ppm (Xylene)Swedenkortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m²)442 mg/m² (Xylene)SwedenOEL chemical category (SE)Skin notationSwitzerlandKZGW (mg/m²)870 mg/m²SwitzerlandMAK (mg/m²)435 mg/m²SwitzerlandMAK (mg/m²)200 ppmSwitzerlandMAK (mg/m²)201 mg/m²SwitzerlandMAK (mg/m²)200 mg/m²SwitzerlandMAK (mg/m²)200 mg/m²SwitzerlandSwitzerlandSwitzerlandSwitzerlandWEL TWA (mg/m²)200 mg/m²United KingdomWEL TWA (mg/m²)200 mg/m²United KingdomWEL STEL (mg/m²)441 mg/m²United KingdomWEL STEL (ppm)500 mg/m²United KingdomWEL STEL (ppm)200 ppmUnited KingdomWEL STEL (ppm)200 ppmAustriaMAK Daily average value (mg/m²)200 mg/m²AustriaMAK Short time value (ppm)800 ppmAustriaMAK Short time value (ppm)800 ppmAustriaMAK Short time value (ppm)800 ppmAustriaMAK Short time value (ppm)800 ppmAustriaShort time value (ppm)900 ppmBelgiumLimit value (mg/m²)200 ppmBelgiumS	Spain	OEL chemical category (ES)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption
ImpImp221 mg/m² (Xylene)SwedenNivågränsvärde (NVG) (ppm)50 ppm (Xylene)Swedenkortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m²)100 ppm (Xylene)SwedenOEL chemical category (SE)Skin notationSwitzerlandKZGW (mg/m²)870 mg/m²SwitzerlandKZGW (mg/m²)870 mg/m²SwitzerlandKZGW (mg/m²)435 mg/m²SwitzerlandMAK (mg/m²)435 mg/m²SwitzerlandMAK (mg/m²)100 ppmSwitzerlandMAK (ppm)100 ppmSwitzerlandOEL chemical category (CH)Skin notationSwitzerlandMAK (ppm)100 ppmSwitzerlandSwitzerland - BLV2 g/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling fime: end of shittUnited KingdomWEL TWA (mg/m²)220 mg/m²United KingdomWEL STEL (mg/m²)441 mg/m²United KingdomWEL STEL (mg/m²)50 ppmUnited KingdomWEL STEL (ppm)100 ppmUnited KingdomWEL STEL (ppm)100 ppmIsopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)Sou mg/m²AustriaMAK Daily average value (ppm)200 pg/m²AustriaMAK Short time value (ppm)800 ppmAustriaMAK Short time value (ppm)800 ppmAustriaMAK Short time value (ppm)S00 mg/m²AustriaOEL chemical category (AT) 	Spain	Spain - BLV	Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine
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BelgiumShort time value (ppm)400 ppmBulgariaOEL TWA (mg/m³)980 mg/m³BulgariaOEL STEL (mg/m³)1225 mg/m³	Belgium	Limit value (ppm)	200 ppm
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BulgariaOEL TWA (mg/m³)980 mg/m³BulgariaOEL STEL (mg/m³)1225 mg/m³	Belgium	Short time value (ppm)	400 ppm
Bulgaria     OEL STEL (mg/m³)     1225 mg/m³	-	·····	• •
		GVI (granična vrijednost	999 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

	izloženosti) (mg/m³)		
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost		
Crodild	izloženosti) (ppm)	400 ppm	
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična		
	vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična		
	vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	500 ppm	
Croatia	Croatia - BLV	50 mg/l Parameter: Acetone -	
		Medium: blood - Sampling time: at	
		the end of the work shift	
		50 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: at the	
		end of the work shift	
Czech Republic	Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m³)	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Czech Republic	OEL chemical category (CZ)	Potential for cutaneous absorption	
Denmark	Grænsevædi (8 timer)		
	(mg/m³)	490 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Denmark	Grænsevædi (8 timer) (ppm)	200 ppm	
Estonia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Estonia	OEL TWA (ppm)	150 ppm	
Estonia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Estonia	OEL STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m³)	500 mg/m³ (Propanol)	
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (ppm)	200 ppm (Propanol)	
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min)	620 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min) (ppm)	250 ppm	
France	VLE (mg/m³)	980 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
France	VLE (ppm)	400 ppm	
Germany	Occupational exposure limit	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (the risk of damage to the	
	value (mg/m³)	embryo or fetus can be excluded	
		when AGW and BGW values are	
		observed)	
Germany	Occupational exposure limit value (ppm)	200 ppm (the risk of damage to the embryo or fetus can be excluded	
		when AGW and BGW values are	
		observed)	
Germany	TRGS 903 Biological limit value	25 mg/l Parameter: Acetone -	
		Medium: whole blood - Sampling	
		time: end of shift	
		25 mg/l Parameter: Acetone -	
		Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift	
Greece	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	980 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Greece	OEL TWA (ppm)	400 ppm	
Greece	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1225 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Greece	OEL STEL (ppm)	500 ppm	
Hungary	AK-érték	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

Hungary	CK-érték	2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Hungary	OEL chemical category (HU)	Potential for cutaneous absorption	
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm)	200 ppm	
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (ppm)	400 ppm	
Ireland	OEL chemical category (IE) Potential for cutaneous absorp		
Latvia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Lithuania	· · · ·		
	IPRV (mg/m³)	350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Lithuania	IPRV (ppm)	150 ppm	
Lithuania	TPRV (mg/m³)	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Lithuania	TPRV (ppm)	250 ppm	
Norway	Grenseverdier (AN) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	245 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Norway	Grenseverdier (AN) (ppm)	100 ppm	
Norway	Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (mg/m3)	306,25 mg/m³ (value calculated)	
Norway	Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi)		
	(ppm)	125 ppm (value calculated)	
Poland	NDS (mg/m³)	900 mg/m³	
Poland	NDSCh (mg/m³)	1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Portugal	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
Portugal	OEL STEL (ppm)	400 ppm	
Portugal	OEL chemical category (PT)	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human	
Ũ		Carcinogen	
Romania	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Romania	OEL TWA (ppm)	81 ppm	
Romania	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Romania	OEL STEL (ppm)	203 ppm	
Romania	Romania - BLV	50 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift	
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (mg/m³)	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (ppm)	200 ppm	
Slovakia	NPHV (Hraničná) (mg/m³)	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Slovenia	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Slovenia	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
Slovenia	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Slovenia	OEL STEL (ppm)	400 ppm	
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (the partial or complete commercialization or use of this substance as a phytosanitary or biocide compound is prohibited)	
Spain	VLA-ED (ppm)	200 ppm (the partial or complete commercialization or use of this substance as a phytosanitary or biocide compound is prohibited)	
Spain	VLA-EC (mg/m³)	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Spain	VLA-EC (ppm)	400 ppm	
29/09/2020	EN (English)	12/1	

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Spain	Spain - BLV	40 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of workweek
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m³)	350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG) (ppm)	150 ppm
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m³)	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (ppm)	250 ppm
Switzerland	KZGW (mg/m³)	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Switzerland	KZGW (ppm)	400 ppm
Switzerland	MAK (mg/m³)	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Switzerland	MAK (ppm)	200 ppm
Switzerland	Switzerland - BLV	25 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift 25 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: whole blood - Sampling time: end of shift
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	999 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (ppm)	400 ppm
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (ppm)	500 ppm

#### 8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Personal Protective Equipment

Materials for Protective Clothing

Hand Protection Eye Protection Skin and Body Protection Respiratory Protection

Other Information

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Face shield.



Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Corrosion-proof clothing. Wear protective gloves.

Chemical safety goggles and face shield. Wear suitable protective clothing.

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

Safety Data Sheet According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

# **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Hazards**

#### 9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

**Physical State** Liquid Colour Colourless Odour Odourless Odour Threshold No data available рΗ No data available **Evaporation Rate** No data available **Melting Point** No data available Freezing Point No data available **Boiling Point** 140 °C (284 °F) 27 °C (81 °F) Flash Point No data available Auto-Ignition Temperature **Decomposition Temperature** No data available Flammability (Solid, Gas) Not applicable No data available Vapour Pressure Relative Vapour Density At 20 °C No data available **Relative Density** < 1 (water = 1) Solubility No data available Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Water No data available Viscosity, Kinematic No data available Viscosity, Dynamic No data available **Explosive Properties** No data available **Oxidising Properties** No data available **Explosive Limits** No data available 9.2. **Other Information** 

VOC content

10 - 30 %

# **SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or explosion. May react exothermically with water releasing heat. Adding an acid to a base or base to an acid may cause a violent reaction.

#### 10.2. Chemical Stability

Flammable liquid and vapour. May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.

#### 10.3. Possibility Of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions To Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

#### 10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

#### 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapors. Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>). Silicon oxides. Will decompose above 150 °C (>300° F) releasing formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation.

Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological Information**

#### 11.1. Information On Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

MED-6670 Part A			
ATE CLP (oral) 500 mg/kg bodyweig		ght	
Silanetriol, ethyl-, triacetate (1768	9-77-9)		
LD50 Oral Rat	1460 mg/kg		
LD50 Oral	1462 mg/kg		
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene c	and xylene		
LD50 Oral Rat	3523 mg/kg		
LC50 Inhalation Rat	6700 ppm/4h		
ATE CLP (dermal)	1100 mg/kg bodywei	ight	
ATE CLP (gases)	6700 ppmv/4h		
ATE CLP (vapours)	11 mg/l/4h		
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)			
LD50 Oral	4384 mg/kg		
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	12956 mg/kg (16.4 mL/kg bw)		
LC50 Inhalation Rat	72600 mg/m³ (Exposu	ure time: 4 h)	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation Causes severe skin bu			
Eye Damage/Irritation Causes serious eye do			
· · · ·		on available data, the classification	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity Criteria are not met) Not classified (Based criteria are not met)		on available data, the classification	
Carcinogenicity Not classified (Based criteria are not met)		on available data, the classification	
Reproductive Toxicity		Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)		Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Re	epeated Exposure)	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration Hazard May be fatal if swall		owed and enters airways.	

# **SECTION 12: Ecological Information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General	Not classified.
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
LC50 Fish 1	9640 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	13299 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 1	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)		
LC50 Fish 2	11130 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales	
	promelas [static])	
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 2	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	
12.2. Persistence and Degradability		

MED-6670 Part A

Persistence and Degradability Not established.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

MED-6670 Part A	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water (Log Pow)	0,05 (at 25 °C)

#### 12.4. Mobility in Soil

No additional information available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

#### 12.6. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information

Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Product/Packaging Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,
Recommendations	regional, national, and international regulations.
Additional Information	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.
Ecology - Waste Materials	Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

In accordance wit				
ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN Number	r			
2920	2920	2920	2920	2920
14.2. UN Proper S	Shipping Name			
CORROSIVE	CORROSIVE	CORROSIVE	CORROSIVE	CORROSIVE
LIQUID,	LIQUID,	LIQUID,	LIQUID,	LIQUID,
FLAMMABLE,	FLAMMABLE,	FLAMMABLE,	Flammable,	FLAMMABLE,
N.O.S. (Silanetriol,	N.O.S. (Silanetriol,	N.O.S. (Silanetriol,	N.O.S. (Silanetriol,	N.O.S. (Silanetriol,
ethyl-, triacetate ;	ethyl-, triacetate ;	ethyl-, triacetate ;	ethyl-, triacetate ;	ethyl-, triacetate ;
Xylenes)	Xylenes)	Xylenes)	Xylenes)	Xylenes)
14.3. Transport Hazard Class(Es)				
8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

#### Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.4. Packing Gr	ουρ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
14.5. Environmer	ntal Hazards			
Dangerous for	Dangerous for	Dangerous for	Dangerous for	Dangerous for
the environment :	the environment :	the environment :	the environment :	the environment :
No	No	No	No	No
	Marine pollutant :			
	No			

#### 14.6. Special Precautions For User

No additional information available

#### **14.7. Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL and The IBC Code** Not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory Information**

# 15.1. Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

#### 15.1.2. National Regulations

No additional information available

#### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

# **SECTION 16: Other Information**

#### Indication of Changes

Section	Section Header	Change	Date Changed
1	Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking	Modified	29/09/2020
2	Hazards identification	Modified	29/09/2020
3	Composition/information on ingredients	Modified	29/09/2020

Date of Preparation or Latest<br/>Revision29/09/2020Data SourcesInformation and data obtained and used in the authoring of<br/>this safety data sheet could come from database subscriptions,<br/>official government regulatory body websites,<br/>product/ingredient manufacturer or supplier specific<br/>information, and/or resources that include substance specific<br/>data and classifications according to GHS or their subsequent<br/>adoption of GHS.Other InformationAccording to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its<br/>amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Full Text of H- and EUH-statements:

Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1B
Skin Control	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Abbreviations and Acronyms

ACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists NDS - Naiwyzsze Dopuszczalne Stezenie ADN – European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF - Bioconcentration Factor BEI - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) BOD – Biochemical Oxygen Demand CAS No. - Chemical Abstracts Service Number CLP – Classification, Labeling and Packaging Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 COD – Chemical Oxygen Demand EC – European Community EC50 - Median Effective Concentration EEC – European Economic Community EINECS – European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EmS-No. (Fire) - IMDG Emergency Schedule Fire EmS-No. (Spillage) - IMDG Emergency Schedule Spillage EU – European Union ErC50 - EC50 in Terms of Reduction Growth Rate GHS – Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA - International Air Transport Association IBC Code - International Bulk Chemical Code IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods IPRV - Ilgalaikio Poveikia Ribnis Dangcios Coos IPRV - Ilgalaikio Poveikia Ribnis Dydis IOELV - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value LC50 - Median Lethal Concentration LD50 - Median Lethal Dose LOAEL - Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level LOEC - Lowest-Observed-Effect Concentration Log Koc - Soil Organic Carbon-water Partitioning Coefficient Log Kow - Octanol/water Partition Coefficient

NDSCh - Najwyzsze Dopuszczalne Stezenie Chwilowe NDSP - Najwyzsze Dopuszczalne Stezenie Pulapowe NOAEL - No-Observed Adverse Effect Level NOEC - No-Observed Effect Concentration NRD - Nevirsytinas Ribinis Dvdis NTP – National Toxicology Program OEL - Occupational Exposure Limits PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit pH – Potential Hydrogen REACH – Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and Restriction of Chemicals RID – Regulations: Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SADT - Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature SDS - Safety Data Sheet STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit STOT - Specific Target Organ Toxicity TA-Luft - Technische Anleitung zur Reinhaltung der Luft TEL TRK - Technical Guidance Concentrations ThOD – Theoretical Oxygen Demand TLM - Median Tolerance Limit TLV - Threshold Limit Value TPRD - Trumpalaikio Poveikio Ribinis Dydis TRGS 510 - Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe 510 - Lagerung von Gefahrstoffen in ortsbeweglichen Behältern TRGS 552 – Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe - N-Nitrosamine TRGS 900 - Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe 900 – Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte TRGS 903 - Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe 903 - Biologische Grenzwerte TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act TWA - Time Weighted Average VOC – Volatile Organic Compounds

VLA-EC - Valor Límite Ambiental Exposición de Corta Duración VLA-ED - Valor Límite Ambiental Exposición Diaria

#### Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Log Pow - Ratio of the equilibrium concentration (C) of a dissolved substance in a twophase system consisting of two largely immiscible solvents, in this case octanol and water

MAK – Maximum Workplace Concentration/Maximum Permissible Concentration MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution VLE – Valeur Limite D'exposition VME – Valeur Limite De Moyenne Exposition vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative WEL – Workplace Exposure Limit WGK - Wassergefährdungsklasse

Nusil EU GHS SDS

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared based on data believed to be accurate as of the date of this SDS. TO THE GREATEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, NUSIL TECHNOLOGY LLC AND ITS AFFILIATED COMPANIES ("NUSIL") EXPRESSLYDISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES REGARDING THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, AS TO ACCURACY, COMPLETENESS, FITNESS FOR PURPOSE OR USE, MERCHANTABILITY, NON-INFRINGEMENT, PERFORMANCE, SAFETY, SUITABILITY AND STABILITY. This SDS is intended as a guide to the appropriate use, handling, storage and disposal of the product to which it relates by properly trained personnel, and is not intended to be comprehensive. Users of NuSil's products are advised to perform their own tests and to exercise their own judgment to determine the safety, suitability and appropriate use, handling, storage and disposal of each product and product combination for their own purposes and uses. TO THE GREATEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, NUSIL DISCLAIMS LIABILITY FOR, AND BY USING NUSIL'S PRODUCTS PURCHASER AGREES THAT UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL NUSIL BE LIABLE FOR, SPECIAL, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OF ANY TYPE OR KIND, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, FOR LOSS OF PROFITS, REPUTATIONAL DAMAGE, PRODUCT RECALL OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION.

Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830 Revision date: 29/09/2020 Date of issue: 13/12/2013

Version: 4.0

**NuSil** 

A avantor

# SECTION 1: Identification of the Substance/mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

## 1.1. Product Identifier

Product form Product Name Synonyms Mixture MED-6670 Part B Silicone Dispersion

## 1.2. Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

**1.2.1. Relevant Identified Uses** Use of the Substance/Mixture

For professional use only.

#### 1.2.2. Uses Advised Against

No additional information available

## 1.3. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

NuSil Technology Europe 1198 Avenue Maurice Donat Le Natura Bt. 2 06250 Mougins France +33 4 92 96 93 31 ehs@nusil.com www.nusil.com

#### 1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number

- : +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International and Maritime), 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US) +(44)-870-8200418 +(353)-19014670)
- **SECTION 2: Hazards Identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

#### Classification According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

	•
Flam. Liq. 3	H226
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	H312
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Irrit. 2	H319
STOT SE 3	H335
STOT RE 2	H373
Asp. Tox. 1	H304

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

## 2.2. Label Elements

Labelling According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard Pictograms (CLP)

Signal Word (CLP)

GHS07

GHS08

GHS02

Safety Data Sheet

 According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

 Hazardous Ingredients
 Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

 Hazard Statements (CLP)
 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

 H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

 H312 - Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements (CLP)

CLP) P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection/hearing protection.

P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water .

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this label).

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

#### 2.3. Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

Safety Data Sheet According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

# **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product Identifier	%	Classification According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	(CAS-No.) Not Applicable (EC-No.) 905-588-0 (REACH-no) 01- 2119539452-40	60 - 80	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Siloxanes and Silicones, dimethyl, methyl hydrogen	(CAS-No.) 68037-59-2	< 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

# **SECTION 4: First Aid Measures**

#### 4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-Aid Measures General	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-Aid Measures After	When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate
Inhalation	suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.
First-Aid Measures After Skin	Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately
Contact	drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes.
	Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
First-Aid Measures After Eye	Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove
Contact	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
First-Aid Measures After	Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a
Ingestion	POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
4.2. Most Important Sympto	oms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed
Symptoms/Effects	Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Symptoms/Effects After Inhalation	Irritation of the respiratory tract and the other mucous membranes.
Symptoms/Effects After Skin	Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and
Contact	dermatitis. This material is harmful through skin contact, and
	can cause adverse health effects or death in significant
	amounts. This material may be absorbed through the skin and
	eyes.

Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Symptoms/Effects After Eye	Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the
Contact	conjunctiva.
Symptoms/Effects After	Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting
Ingestion	and may cause lung injury.
Chronic Symptoms	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.

#### 4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), alcohol-resistant foam, or dry chemical.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.
5.2. Special Hazards Arising F	rom the Substance or Mixture
Fire Hazard	Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapours.
Explosion Hazard	May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.
Reactivity	Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.
Hazardous Decomposition Products in Case of Fire	Silicon oxides. Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ). Formaldehyde.
5.3. Advice for Firefighters	
Precautionary Measures Fire	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.
Firefighting Instructions	Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
Protection During Firefighting	Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures**

#### 6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.
nel
Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).
Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.
Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources.

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#### 6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment	Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.
Methods For Cleaning Up	Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Use only non-sparking tools. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

#### 6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

# **SECTION 7: Handling And Storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours
Processed	are flammable.
Precautions for Safe Handling	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
7.2. Conditions for Safe Stora	ge, Including Any Incompatibilities
Technical Measures	Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent
rechnical measures	static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.
Storage Conditions	Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible
	materials. Store locked up/in a secure area. Store in a well- ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place.
Incompatible Materials	materials. Store locked up/in a secure area. Store in a well- ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in
Incompatible Materials <b>7.3. Specific End Use(S)</b> For professional use only.	materials. Store locked up/in a secure area. Store in a well- ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

#### 8.1. Control Parameters

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene		
EU	IOELV TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
EU	IOELV TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)

EU	IOELV STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)
EU	IOELV STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
EU	Notes	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin (pure)
Austria	MAK Daily average value (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (all isomers)
Austria	MAK Daily average value (ppm)	50 ppm (all isomers)
Austria	MAK Short time value (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Austria	MAK Short time value (ppm)	100 ppm
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Belgium	Limit value (ppm)	50 ppm
Belgium	Short time value (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Belgium	Short time value (ppm)	100 ppm
Belgium	OEL chemical category (BE)	Skin, Skin notation pure
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	50 ppm
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	100 ppm
Croatia	OEL chemical category (HR)	Skin notation
Croatia	Croatia - BLV	<ul> <li>1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: at the end of the work shift (alcohol before exposure to Xylene raises occurrence)</li> <li>1,5 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: at the end of the work shift (calculated on the average Creatinine value of 1.2 g/L urine)</li> </ul>
Cyprus	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Cyprus	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Cyprus	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Cyprus	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Cyprus	OEL chemical category (CY)	Skin-potential for cutaneous absorption
Czech Republic	Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Czech Republic	OEL chemical category (CZ)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
29/09/2020	EN (English)	6/15

Czech Republic	Czech Republic - BLV	820 µmol/mmol Creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid -
		Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
		1400 mg/g creatinine Parameter:
		Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine -
Dana and		Sampling time: end of shift
Denmark	Grænsevædi (8 timer) (mg/m³)	109 mg/m³ (Xylene, all isomers)
Denmark	Grænsevædi (8 timer) (ppm)	25 ppm (Xylene, all isomers)
Estonia	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Estonia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Estonia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	450 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Estonia	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Estonia	OEL chemical category (ET)	Skin notation
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	220 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (ppm)	50 ppm
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min)	440 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min) (ppm)	100 ppm
Finland	OEL chemical category (FI)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Finland	Finland - BLV	Parameter: Methylhippuric acid -
		Medium: urine - Sampling time: after the shift
France	VLE (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (restrictive limit)
France	VLE (ppm)	100 ppm (restrictive limit)
France	VME (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (restrictive limit)
France	VME (ppm)	50 ppm (restrictive limit)
France	OEL chemical category (FR)	Risk of cutaneous absorption
France	France - BLV	1500 mg/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Germany	Occupational exposure limit	440 mg/m³ (all isomers)
2	value (mg/m³)	
Germany	Occupational exposure limit value (ppm)	100 ppm (all isomers)
Germany	TRGS 903 Biological limit value	2000 mg/l Parameter: Methylhippuric(tolur-)acid (all isomers) - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (all isomers)
Germany	Chemical category	Skin notation all isomers
Gibraltar	Eight hours mg/m3	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Gibraltar	Eight hours ppm	50 ppm (pure)
Gibraltar	Short-term mg/m3	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Gibraltar	Short-term ppm	100 ppm (pure)
Gibraltar	OEL chemical category (GI)	Skin notation pure
Greece	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Greece	OEL TWA (ppm)	100 ppm

Greece	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	650 mg/m³
Greece	OEL STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
Greece	OEL chemical category (GR)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption
Hungary	AK-érték	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Hungary	CK-érték	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Hungary	OEL chemical category (HU)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm)	50 ppm
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (ppm)	100 ppm
Ireland	OEL chemical category (IE)	Potential for cutaneous absorption
Italy	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)
Italy	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Italy	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Italy	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Italy	OEL chemical category (IT)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption pure
Latvia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Latvia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Latvia	OEL chemical category (LV)	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure
Lithuania	IPRV (mg/m³)	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (mixed isomers, pure)
Lithuania	IPRV (ppm)	50 ppm (mixed isomers, pure)
Lithuania	TPRV (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (mixed isomers, pure)
Lithuania	TPRV (ppm)	100 ppm (mixed isomers, pure)
Lithuania	OEL chemical category (LT)	Skin notation
Luxembourg	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Luxembourg	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Luxembourg	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Luxembourg	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Luxembourg	OEL chemical category (LU)	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin
Malta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Malta	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Malta	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)
Malta	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Malta	OEL chemical category (MT)	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin pure
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 8H (mg/m³)	210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 15MIN (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Norway	Grenseverdier (AN) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	108 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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Norway	Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (mg/m3)	135 mg/m³ (value calculated)	
Norway	Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (ppm)	37,5 ppm (value calculated)	
Norway	OEL chemical category (NO)	Skin notation	
Poland	NDS (mg/m³)	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (mixture of isomers)	
Poland	NDSCh (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (mixture of isomers)	
Portugal	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)	
Portugal	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (indicative limit value)	
Portugal	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)	
Portugal	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (indicative limit value)	
Portugal	OEL chemical category (PT)	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
Romania	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)	
Romania	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)	
Romania	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)	
Romania	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)	
Romania	OEL chemical category (RO)	Skin notation pure	
Romania	Romania - BLV	3 g/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift	
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³	
Slovakia	NPHV (priemerná) (ppm)	50 ppm	
Slovakia	NPHV (Hraničná) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Slovakia	OEL chemical category (SK)	Potential for cutaneous absorption	
Slovakia	Slovakia - BLV	1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: end of exposure or work shift (all isomers) 2000 mg/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of exposure or work shift	
Slovenia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³	
Slovenia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm	
Slovenia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Slovenia	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm	
Slovenia	OEL chemical category (SI)	Potential for cutaneous absorption	
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	221 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)	
Spain	VLA-ED (ppm)	50 ppm (indicative limit value)	
Spain	VLA-EC (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Spain	VLA-EC (ppm)	100 ppm	
Spain	OEL chemical category (ES)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption	
Spain	Spain - BLV	1 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift	
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG)	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Xylene)	

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	(mg/m³)		
Sweden	nivågränsvärde (NVG) (ppm)	50 ppm (Xylene)	
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (Xylene)	
Sweden	kortidsvärde (KTV) (ppm)	100 ppm (Xylene)	
Sweden	OEL chemical category (SE)	Skin notation	
Switzerland	KZGW (mg/m³)	870 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Switzerland	KZGW (ppm)	200 ppm	
Switzerland	MAK (mg/m³)	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Switzerland	MAK (ppm)	100 ppm	
Switzerland	OEL chemical category (CH)	Skin notation	
Switzerland	Switzerland - BLV	2 g/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift	
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	220 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm	
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m³)	441 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm	
United Kingdom	WEL chemical category	Potential for cutaneous absorption	

#### 8.2. **Exposure Controls**

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Personal Protective Equipment

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame Materials for Protective Clothing resistant/retardant clothing. Hand Protection Wear protective gloves. **Eve Protection** Chemical safety goggles. Wear suitable protective clothing. Skin and Body Protection **Respiratory Protection** If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information

# When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Hazards**

#### Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties 0 1

7.1. Information on busic rifysical and	u chemicul riopenies
Physical State	Liquid
Colour	Colourless

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Odour	Odourless
Odour Threshold	No data available
рН	No data available
Evaporation Rate	No data available
Melting Point	No data available
Freezing Point	No data available
Boiling Point	140 °C (284 °F)
Flash Point	27 °C (81 °F)
Auto-Ignition Temperature	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	No data available
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	Not applicable
Vapour Pressure	No data available
Relative Vapour Density At 20 °C	No data available
Relative Density	< 1 (Water=1)
Solubility	No data available
Partition Coefficient n-Octanol/Water	No data available
Viscosity, Kinematic	No data available
Viscosity, Dynamic	No data available
Explosive Properties	No data available
Oxidising Properties	No data available
Explosive Limits	No data available
9.2. Other Information	
VOC content < 1	

# **SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

#### 10.2. Chemical Stability

Flammable liquid and vapour. May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.

#### 10.3. Possibility Of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions To Avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

#### 10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

#### 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Will decompose above 150 °C (>300° F) releasing formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation. May produce explosive hydrogen gas on contact with incompatibilities or upon thermal decomposition.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological Information**

#### 11.1. Information On Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity	Harmful in contact with skin. Not classified.
MED-6670 Part B	
ATE CLP (dermal)	1571,429 mg/kg bodyweight

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Reaction mass of ethylbenzene of	and xylene (Not A	Applicable)	
LD50 Oral Rat	3523 mg/kg	3523 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	6700 ppm/4h		
ATE CLP (dermal)	1100 mg/kg bo	dyweight	
ATE CLP (vapours)	11 mg/l/4h		
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Causes skin irrit	ation.	
Eye Damage/Irritation	Causes serious	eye irritation.	
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification		
	criteria are not met)		
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification		
	criteria are not met)		
Carcinogenicity	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification		
	criteria are not	met)	
Reproductive Toxicity		Not classified (Based on available data, the	
		classification criteria are not met)	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)		May cause respiratory irritation.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated		May cause damage to organs through	
Exposure)		prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration Hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		

## **SECTION 12: Ecological Information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General Not classified.

# 12.2. Persistence and Degradability

MED-6670 Part B	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.
12.3. Bioaccumulative Poter	ntial
MED-6670 Part B	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
12.4. Mobility in Soil	
No additional information avail	able
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB	3 assessment

# No additional information available

#### 12.6 Other Adverse Effects

# 12.6. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information

Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Product/Packaging Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,
Recommendations	regional, national, and international regulations.
Additional Information	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.
Ecology - Waste Materials	Avoid release to the environment.
Looidg, Hasio Matoriais	

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# SECTION 14: Transport Information

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN Number	r			
1307	1307	1307	1307	1307
14.2. UN Proper S	Shipping Name			
XYLENES	XYLENES	XYLENES	XYLENES	XYLENES
(SOLUTION)	(SOLUTION)	(SOLUTION)	(SOLUTION)	(SOLUTION)
14.3. Transport H	azard Class(Es)			
3	3	3	3	3
14.4. Packing Gr	oup			
14.5. Environmer	ntal Hazards			
Dangerous for	Dangerous for	Dangerous for	Dangerous for	Dangerous for
the environment :	the environment :	the environment :	the environment :	the environment :
No	No	No	No	No
	Marine pollutant :			
	No			

#### 14.6. Special Precautions For User

No additional information available

#### **14.7. Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL and The IBC Code** Not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory Information**

# 15.1. Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

#### 15.1.2. National Regulations

No additional information available

#### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

# **SECTION 16: Other Information**

#### Indication of Changes

Section	Section Header	Change	Date Changed
1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11,	Changes to whole sections following	Modified	29/09/2020
12, 13, 14, 15, 16	compostion and classification changes		
2	Classification According to Regulation (EC)	Modified	29/09/2020

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	No. 1272/200				
3	Composition	/information on ingredients	Modified	29/09/2020	
Date of Prepar	ation or Latest Revisior	ר 29/09/2020			
Data Sources		Information and data obto			
		authoring of this safety da			
		database subscriptions, of body websites, product/in			
		supplier specific informatic	-		
		include substance specific			
		according to GHS or their			
Other Informat	ion	According to Regulation (			
		with its amendment Regul	ation (EU) 20	15/830	
-ull Text of H- a	nd EUH-statements:				
Acute Tox.	4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4			
Acute Tox.	4 (Inhalation:vapour)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour) Category 4			
Asp. Tox. 1		Aspiration hazard, Category 1			
Eye Irrit. 2		Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2			
Flam. Liq. 3	}	Flammable liquids, Category 3			
Skin Irrit. 2		Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2			
STOT RE 2		Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2			
STOT SE 3		Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation			
H226		Flammable liquid and vapour.			
H304		May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.			
H312		Harmful in contact with skin.			
H315		Causes skin irritation.			
H319		Causes serious eye irritation.			
H332		Harmful if inhaled.			
H335		May cause respiratory irritation.			
H373		May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.			

#### evialions and Actomyths ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists NDS - Najwyzsze Dopuszczalne Stezenie ADN – European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways NDSCh - Najwyzsze Dopuszczalne Stezenie Chwilowe NDSP - Najwyzsze Dopuszczalne Stezenie Pulapowe NOAEL - No-Observed Adverse Effect Level NOEC - No-Observed Effect Concentration NRD - Nevirsytinas Ribinis Dydis ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Active European Agreent Concern Goods by Road ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF - Bioconcentration Factor BEI - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand NTP – National Toxicology Program OEL - Occupational Exposure Limits PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic CAS No. - Chemical Abstracts Service Number CLP – Classification, Labeling and Packaging Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit pH – Potential Hydrogen COD – Chemical Oxygen Demand EC – European Community EC50 - Median Effective Concentration REACH – Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and Restriction of Chemicals RID – Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SADT - Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature EEC – European Economic Community EINECS – European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EmS-No. (Fire) - IMDG Emergency Schedule Fire SDS - Safety Data Sheet STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit STOT - Specific Target Organ Toxicity EMS-No. (Spillage ) - IMDG Emergency Schedule Spillage EU – European Union TA-Luft - Technische Anleitung zur Reinhaltung der Luft TEL TRK – Technical Guidance Concentrations ThOD – Theoretical Oxygen Demand TLM - Median Tolerance Limit TLV - Threshold Limit Value ErC50 - EC50 in Terms of Reduction Growth Rate GHS – Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer TRRD - Trumpalaikio Poveikio Ribinis Dydis TRGS 510 - Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe 510 - Lagerung von Gefahrstoffen in IATA - International Air Transport Association IBC Code - International Bulk Chemical Code TRCS 510 - Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe 510 - Lägerung von Gefahrstoffe ortsbeweglichen Behältern TRCS 552 - Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe - N-Nitrosamine TRCS 900 - Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe 900 – Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte TRCS 903 - Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe 903 - Biologische Grenzwerte IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods IPRV - Ilgalaikio Poveikio Ribinis Dydis IOELV – Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value LC50 - Median Lethal Concentration LD50 - Median Lethal Dose TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act LOAEL - Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level TWA - Time Weighted Average

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LOEC - Lowest-Observed-Effect Concentration

Log Koc - Soil Organic Carbon-water Partitioning Coefficient

Log Pow - Ratio of the equilibrium concentration (C) of a dissolved substance in a twophase system consisting of two largely immiscible solvents, in this case octanol and water

MAK – Maximum Workplace Concentration/Maximum Permissible Concentration MARPOI - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution

Nusil EU GHS SDS

VOC – Volatile Organic Compounds VLA-EC - Valor Límite Ambiental Exposición de Corta Duración VLA-ED - Valor Límite Ambiental Exposición Diaria VLE - Valeur Limite D'exposition VME – Valeur Limite De Moyenne Exposition vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative WEL – Workplace Exposure Limit WGK - Wassergefährdungsklasse

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